PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

l	(51) International Patent Classification 6:		(11) International Publication Number:	WO 95/28227
	B01J 13/02, A61K 39/00, 9/14, 9/50, B28B 1/54	A1	(43) International Publication Date:	26 October 1995 (26.10.95)

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US95/04711

(22) International Filing Date: 17 April 1995 (17.04.95)

(30) Priority Data: 08/228,481 15 April 1994 (15.04.94) US

08/229,283 18 April 1994 (18.04.94) US 08/229,520 18 April 1994 (18.04.94) US

(60) Parent Applications or Grants

(63) Related by Continuation

US

Filed on

US

08/228,481 (CIP)

Filed on

15 April 1994 (15.04.94)

US

08/229,283 (CIP)

Filed on

18 April 1994 (18.04.94)

US

08/229,520 (CIP)

Filed on

18 April 1994 (18.04.94)

(71) Applicants (for all designated States except US): TEMPLE UNIVERSITY [US/US]; North Broad Street, Philadelphia, PA 19122 (US). CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL OF PHILADELPHIA [US/US]; 34th and Civic Center Boulevard, Philadelphia, PA 19104 (US). (72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): CLARK, Fred, H. [US/US]; 836 Corinthian Street, Philadelphia, PA 19130 (US). OFFIT, Paul, A. [US/US]; 410 S. 25th Street, Philadelphia, PA 19146 (US). MOSER, Charlotte, A. [US/US]; 3240 Ethan Allen Court, Bensalem, PA 19020 (US). SPEAKER, Tully, J. [US/US]; 2112 Cherry Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103 (US).

(74) Agents: HAGAN, Patrick, J. et al.; Dann, Dorfman, Herrell and Skillman, Suite 720, 1601 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103-2307 (US).

(81) Designated States: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG), ARIPO patent (KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG).

Published

With international search report.

Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: AQUEOUS SOLVENT ENCAPSULATION METHOD, APPARATUS AND MICROCAPSULES

(57) Abstract

A microcapsule substantially free from non-aqueous contaminants comprising an aqueous core surrounded by a capsular wall, the capsular wall being the reaction product of a selected water soluble anionic polymer or salt thereof with a selected water soluble amine or salt thereof, the selected anionic polymer and amine having the property that, when droplets of an aqueous solution of the selected polymer are introduced into an aqueous solution of the selected amine, stable microcapsules of the amine salt of the anionic polymer are formed. The aqueous core of the microcapsule may contain any of various active ingredients, including immunogenic agents such as rotavirus. A method and apparatus for making the microcapsules, including microcapsules comprising active agents, as well as their method of use, are also disclosed.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

		1.00			
ΑT		GB	United Kingdom	MR	Mauritania
Al		GE	Georgia	MW	Malawi
BB		GN	Guinea	NE	Niger
BE	Belgium	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BF	Burkina Faso	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BG	Bulgaria	IE	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand
BJ	Benin	,IT	Italy	PL	Poland
BR	Brazil	JP	Japan	PT	Portugal
BY	Belarus	KE	Kenya	RO	Romania
CA	Canada	KG	Kyrgystan	RU	Russian Federation
CF	Central African Republic	KP	Democratic People's Republic	SD	Sudan
CG	Congo		of Korea	SE	Sweden
CH	Switzerland	KR	Republic of Korea	SI	Slovenia
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KZ	Kazakhstan	SK	Slovakia
CN	Cameroon	LI	Liechtenstein	SN	Senegal
CN	China	LK	Sri Lanka	TD	Chad
CS	Czechoslovakia	, LU	Luxembourg	TG	Togo
CZ	Czech Republic	LV	Latvia	TJ	Tajikistan
DE	Germany	MC	Monaco	TŤ	Trinidad and Tobago
DK	Denmark	MD	Republic of Moldova	UA	Ukraine
ES	Spain	MG	Madagascar	US	United States of America
FI	Finland	ML	Mali	UZ	Uzbekistan
FR	France	MN	Mongolia	VN	Viet Nam
GA	Gabon				•

AQUEOUS SOLVENT ENCAPSULATION METHOD, APPARATUS AND MICROCAPSULES

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation-in-part of the following co-pending patent applications: U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 08/228,481, filed April 15, 1994; U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 08/229,283, filed April 18, 1994; and U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 08/229,520, filed April 18, 1994. The entire disclosures of the aforementioned patent applications are incorporated by reference herein.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5

10

15

The present invention relates to novel microcapsules having an anisotropic salt membrane encapsulating an aqueous or substantially aqueous core which may comprise various active agents. The microcapsules are prepared by the interfacial reaction, in aqueous medium, of Lewis acid and base wall-forming reactants.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Microencapsulation is a process by which a relatively thin coating can be applied to dispersions of small particles of solids or droplets of liquids, thus providing a means for converting liquids to solids, altering colloidal and surface properties, providing environmental protection, and controlling the release characteristics or availability of coated materials. Several of these properties can be attained by macropackaging techniques; however, the uniqueness of microencapsulation is the smallness of the coated particles and their subsequent use and

```
adaptation to a wide variety of dosage forms and
                                                                                                                                     adaptation to a wide variety of dosage forms and known feasible Reretofore; and industrial product applications. microcaneurae on an industrial product for productions and industrial product for productions and industrial product for productions and product for product for productions and product for product for productions and product for 
                                                                                                                                                      Product applications. Heretotore, known teasible industrial industrial producting microcapsules on an industrial industri
                                                                                                                                                                       methods for producing microcapsules on an industrial solvents.

methods for producing microcapsules of organic solvents.

scale have of organic solvents may organic scale have the use of organic solvents.
                                                                                                                                                                                     scale have often involved the use of organic solve the use of organic random the use of organic random rand
                                                                                                                                                                                                       However, the use of organic solvents may present it is is no difficult to remove all the organic solvent from environmental and remove all the organic solvent from environmental and remove all the organic solvent from the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     environmental and safety problems. In addition, it is

In addition
WO 95/28227
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      often difficult to remove all the organic contaminants.

The has been proposed to me microcapsules, has been proposed to me microcapsules.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            The has been proposed to use microcapsules as

It has been proposed to use microcapsules as
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         a means of delivery systems have been studied for normal antigen delivery systems immunity.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          antigen delivery systems have been studied for the solid (or porous) solid (or porous) capacity to enhance immunity:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        capacity to enhance immunity: solid (or porous)

capacity to enhance immunity: with a core region

capacity to enhance immunity: solid (or porous)

capacity to enhance immunity: solid 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              a means of delivering vaccine.
                                                                                                                          5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            microcapsures and microcapsures with wall.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         microcapsules may be prepared by a variety of (Kwok)

microcapsules may be prepared by a variety of (Kwok)

coacervation of colloids

coacervation 8. 341-344)

processes including pharm Res
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          surrounded by a physically distinct wall. of microcapsules may be prepared by a reliable microcapsules m
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Processes including coacervation of 341-344);

Processes including pharm. Res. 1991;

K.K. 1 of nroteins hy nhyeiral means (K.K. 1 of nroteins hy nhyeiral means)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        K.K. et al. 1991, pharm. Res. B: 341-344) (e.g.)

Res. B: 341-344) (e.g.)

Res. B: 341-344) (e.g.)

Res. B: 341-344)

Re
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Precipitation of proteins by physical means (e.g., pharm of proteins by physical means (e.g., pharm of chemical agents (e.g., 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          phase separation) or chemical agents (e.g., acid sci., pharm. rhat 1991, rechniques chlorides) (Levy, solvent evanoration techniques chlorides) (Levy, solvent evanoration fechniques chlorides)
                                                                                                                                                                                     20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        chlorides | (Levy | M.C., et al., 1991, techniques that evaporation with not receive dienerations with not receive dienerations with not receive dienerations with not receive dienerations with not receive dienerations.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            80: 578-585) Or solvent evaporation techniques the surround aqueous dispersions with polyester a. ora-oral
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                surround aqueous dispersions with polyester films

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951).

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8: 958-951.

8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (Singh, W. et al., 1991, pharm. for antigen delivery useful for a systems (corlier natural looks and systems (corlier natural looks and systems) (core systems) (core systems) (correspondent looks and systems) (core syst
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Wall/core systems snown userul ror antigen delive include 137. Aon)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Immunol: A: 1992. Res. Immunol: Mannino. R. 1992.

Osterhaus: (Gould Foderite. S. and Mannino. R. 1992.)

Osterhaus: (Gould Foderite. S. and Mannino. R. 1992.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Include Liposomes (Gerlier, Claasen, 143. 631.6

Immunol., A 2007 Dee Temmino, 143. 631.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Osterhaus, A. (Gould-Fogerite, III. Gredoriadia, Groteosomes Technology, Volume III. Gredoriadia, Indoorman Technology, Volume III.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Proteosomes Gould-rogerite, III, Gregoriadis, Volume III, Gregoriadis, Miller M
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               LiPosome Technology, Med. 116: 1739-1744).

LiPosome CRC Press, Med. 176: 1739-1744
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                Perhaps the best studied of the antigen
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (ea.1 1992) Branco Med. 1739-1744).
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               delivery systems are those derived from the linear acid and glycolic acid

polymeric esters of lactic acid. (Dr. -1 actide acid. (Dr. -
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    polymeric escers of lactic acid and glycolic a

(Di-lactide-co-glycolide)) (PLCG)

(i.e., box, income incom
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (i.e., poly (DL-lactide-co-glycolide) 11: Mirrohio (i.e., poly et al., 1993, curr ron (Edelman, R. et al., 1993, curr
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              (Edelman, J.H. et al., 1989, Curr. Top. Microbiol.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  35
```

Immunol., 146: 59-66; Eldridge, J.H. et al., 1990, J. Controlled Release, 11: 205-214; Eldridge, J.H. et al., 1989, Adv. Exp. Med. Biol., 251: 191-202; Eldridge, J.H. et al., 1991, Mol. Immunol., 28: 287-294; Eldridge, J.H. et al., 1991, Infect. Immun., 59: 5 2978-2986; Marx, P.A. et al., 1993, Science, 260: 1323-1327; Moldoveanu, Z. et al., 1993, J. Infect. Dis., 167: 84-90; O'Hagan, D.T. et al., Vaccine, 11: 149-154; O'Hagan, D.T. et al., 1991, Immunology, 73: 239-242; Ray, R. et al., 1993, J. Infect. Dis., 167: 10 752-755; Reid, R. et al., 1993, J. Immunol., 150: 323A; Reid, R.H. et al., 1993, Vaccine, 11: 159-167). Encapsulation of putative antigens into PLCG microcapsules affords a number of advantages. First, 15 microcapsules are easily degraded by hydrolysis to form lactic acid and glycolic acid. Second, PLCG microcapsules less than 5 μm in size readily penetrate Peyer's patches, mesenteric lymph nodes and spleen after oral inoculation of mice. Third, oral 20 intraperitoneal, intranasal or subcutaneous inoculation of mice with PLCG microencapsulated antigens including influenza virus, parainfluenza virus, simian immunodeficiency virus, Staph. aureus enterotoxin B toxoid, and ovalbumin induces a greater immune response than that induced in animals 25 inoculated with the same dose of free virus or protein. In addition, oral inoculation of mice with inactivated viruses induces an enhanced antigenspecific IGa response at mucosal surfaces. PLCG microcapsules have been administered orally to 30 adult volunteers without adverse effects.

The major disadvantage of PLCG microcapsules is the requisite use of organic solvents. Contact with organic solvents tends to inactivate the infectivity of viral and bacterial pathogens, and, in addition, may alter the immunogenicity of surface proteins critical to induction of humoral or cellular

```
In fact, large quantities of viral
                                                                                                                      immune responses.

In tact, to induce an antigent to induce an ant
                                                                                                                                       Proteins have been response with pics microcapsules.

Proteins immune response with pics 
                                                                                                                                                                  U.S. Patent No. 3,137,631 relates to by organic liquids by the organic records through the analysis of water regime through the constant of the organic records through the constant of the organic records through the constant of the organic records the organic record
                                                                                                                                                                                encapsulation of water insoluble through the application water insoluble through the application are through the application are cansule shells are through the cansule shells are through the cansule shells are cross linking synthetic hoth
WO 95/28227
                                                                                                                    immune responses.
                                                                                                                                                                                                           of heat or catalysts or both. The capsule shells are linked non-ionic described as formed from hear densities are are received.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      materials or from heat denaturable proteins. The secondary treatment from secondary treatment fr
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          described as from heat denaturable proteins.

materials of from heat serve and a serve and
                                                                                                                                                                                                    of heat or catalysts or both.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       resultant capsules peneric from secondary treatment increased to impart increased with cross-linking agents to impart increased
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                U.S. patent No. 4,205,060 discloses water a core containing a notymeric comprising a core containing a notymeric comprising a core containing a notymeric comprising a core containing a notymeric containing 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                U.S. Patent No. 4,205,060 discloses
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              microcapeules comprising a core containing a water comprising a core between a polymeric formed by reaction formed airher his soluble salt and a medicament
                                                                                                             5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          stability to the capsule.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ionic resin and a medicament with an acidic polymer with an acidic polymer with a reaction of an acidic polymer with a constant with a constan
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             soluble Ealt rormed by reaction between a polymer by ionic resin and a ridir rollmer with a hasir medicament, with a hasir medicament, with a hasir medicament.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        reaction of an acidic polymer with an acidic drug.

Teaction of an acidic polymer with an acidic drug.

The walls of the microcaneules are formed from materials.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      or, conversely, a basic polymer with an acidic drug.

or, conversely, a basic polymer with are formed from water.

The walls film-forming rolumers

inequiable film-forming rolumers.
                                                                                                                                                                  20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                The Water-insoluble
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   insoluble tilm-torming polymers.

The water-insoluble sheathing polymers as suitable sheathing man film-forming polymers identified as suitable sheathing as suitable sheathing man film-forming polymers identified as suitable sheathing man film-forming polymers identified as suitable sheathing man film-forming polymers.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           agents are all neutral non-lonized polymers. The an agents are all invention are made by preparing an capsules of that invention of a call made by reaction are capsules eclivition of a call made by reaction are made by reaction.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Illm-rorming polymers laentliled as sultable;
agents are all neutral non-ionized polymers.
agents are all neutral non-are made his areas.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       insoluble film forming polymers.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      aqueous solution of a salt made by reacting a solution of a salt made preparing a solution of a salt made preparing a first notweet in a first nedicament and a core polymer; preparing notweet in a first nedicament and a sheath-forming notweet in a first nedicament and a sheath-forming notweet in a first nedicament and a water-insoluble sheath-forming notweet in a first nedicament.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            capsules of that invention are made by reacting a aqueous solution of a salt made are reacting aqueous solution.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     medicament and a core polymer; preparing in a first sheath-forming polymer in a reason the a water-insoluble arganic limit. Aienareing the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   a water immiscible organic organic organic equition. and a water immiscible organic organic organic equition.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    water-immiscible organic liquid; solution; and adding in the organic solution; and immiscible organic has a solution in the organic solution; and adding agreement water-immiscible and adding agreement water-immiscible organic liquid; solution; and adding and adding and adding agreement the solution in the organic liquid; solution; and adding agreement and adding a solution; and adding a solution is a solution and adding a solution and adding a solution and adding a solution and adding a solution are also as a solution and adding a solution are also adding a solution and adding a solution are also as a solution and a solution are also as a solution and a solution are also as a solution and a solution are also as a solution are also as a solution and a solution are also as a solution and a solution are also as a solution are a solution are also as a solution are also as a solution are a solution are also as a solution are also as a solution are also as a solution are a solution are also as a solution are a solution are also as a solution are
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                aqueous solution in the organic solution; and adding liquid adding to the dispersion a second water immiscible liquid to the dispersion as second water immiscible liquid.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               to the dispersion a second water-immiscible liquid to the dispersion a second the sheath-forming polymer to the dispersion a non-solvent for the around around around around to his a non-solvent film around around the sheath-forming polymer around around around the content of the sheath-forming polymer around around the sheath-forming polymer around a second water-immiscible liquid
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             wnich is a non-solvent for the sheath-forming porto precipitate to precipitate and another to precipitate another to precipitate another to precipitate another to precipitate another another to precipitate another another to precipitate another a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     U.S. Patent No. 4,606,940 discloses the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Dreparation of microcapsules by coacervation to anaroniation of microcapsules by coacervation and coacervation of microcapsules by coacervation and coacervation of microcapsules by coacervation and coacervation of microcapsules by coacervation of microcapsules by coacervation and coacervation of microcapsules by coacervation of 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          preparation of microcapsules by coacervation to

A single

preparation of microcapsulating material.

A single

and the water of

precipitate the encapsulating material water of
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 dispersed aqueous phase.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 precipitate the encapsulating material. A single precipitate the encapsulating material.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  colloid is removed from around the colloid by solvation is removed.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     . 30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               35
```

10

35

addition of chemical compounds which have a greater affinity for water than the colloid. This causes the colloid chains to come closer together and form the coacervate. Temperature changes are needed to facilitate the encapsulation by coacervation.

U.S. Patent No. 3,959,457 discloses microcapsules comprised of the reaction product produced in a finely dispersed emulsion of a water-immiscible solution of (a) an organic polyfunctional Lewis base, in a (b) low boiling point, polar, organic solvent, and an aqueous solution of a (c) partially hydrophilic, partially lipophilic, polyfunctional Lewis acid. The capsules of that invention have lipophilic cores.

15 U.S. Patent No. 5,132,117 discloses microcapsules that consist of aqueous or substantially aqueous cores surrounded by capsular anisotropic Lewis salt membranes. These aqueous-core microcapsules are prepared by dispersing an aqueous solution of a suitable Lewis-acid wall-forming reactant and a core 20 material in a suitable non-aqueous solvent, adding an additional amount of non-aqueous solvent containing a suitable Lewis-base wall-forming reactant, and harvesting the microcapsules formed by the interfacial 25 reaction. Alternatively, the aqueous-core microcapsules of that patent may be prepared by dispersing an aqueous solution of a suitable Lewisacid wall-forming reactant and a core material in a suitable non-aqueous solvent containing a suitable 30 Lewis-base wall-forming reactant and harvesting the microcapsules formed by the interfacial reaction.

F. Lim, in Belgium Patent No. 882,476, (1980), describes a process in which calcium alginate microspheres are first formed, then surface treated to convert them to poly-lysine or poly-ethylenimine alginate coacervates and finally core-liquified by treatment with a calcium chelating agent.

- 6

Rha and Rodriques-Sanchez, in U.S. Patent No. 4,744,933 (1988), simplify the Lim procedure by spraying one charged polymer directly into an oppositely charged polymer to produce a complex coacervate similar to that of Lim.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Dautzenberg et al., in U.K. Patent
Application 2 135 954 A (1984), similarly describe
formation of complex coacervate microcapsules by
forcing 2 to 3 mm droplets of anionic polymer
solutions to fall several tens of centimeters into
solutions of oppositely charged poly-quaternary
ammonium salts. In all of these other methods, it is
clear that high viscosity polymer solutions are
required to produce microcapsules effectively, and all
employ two oppositely charged polymers to form complex
coacervates.

Ito et al., Science, 263:66-68 (1994) have used time lapse confocal laser micrographs to demonstrate the tendency toward inhomogeneity of colloidal solutions of anionic polymers, such as sodium polyacrylate, with the development of some microregions of relatively high polymer concentrations and other regions with no polymer.

The present invention provides microencapsulation technology analogous to that described above with reference to U.S. Patents Nos. 3,959,457 and 5,132,117, but different in that it utilizes an all aqueous system. The microcapsules of this invention are based on formation of poorly soluble (amine) salts of polyanionic macromolecules. This process is capable of producing uniform size particles under very gentle conditions.

By contrast, many of the previously known entirely aqueous systems are based on formation of coacervates, either simple or complex, and provide microbeads of widely ranging particle size. B. R. Mathews and J.R. Nixon, Surface characteristics of

gelatin microcapsules by scanning electron microscopy, J. Pharm. Pharmacol. 26:383-384 (1974). Some simple coacervates suffer from the disadvantage of requiring strongly acid (e.g. pH 3-4) media to precipitate 5 proteinaceous coacervates. Complex coacervates precipitated from aqueous solution require at least two oppositely charged polymers. Entirely aqueous systems for preparation of hydrogels based on hydroxyethylacrylate involve free radical 10 polymerization catalyzed by per-oxy species or ionizing radiation. J. D. Andrade, D. Gough, B. Kolff, W. J. Kunitomo and R. V. Wagenon, Coated adsorbents for direct blood transfusion: HEMA/activated carbon, Trans. Amer. Soc. Artif. Int. Organs 17:222-228 (1971). Such catalysts are likely to be destructive of fragile protein molecules or intact organisms. It is known that hydrogels prepared from aqueous alginic acid and calcium ion can be made in a process gentle enough to embed and preserve live for later release both microbes and multicellular organisms (e.g., nematodes). F. Lim and A. M. Sun, Science 210:908-910 (1980). Moreover, the calcium alginate system appears to be limited to that single alginate salt, and would not provide the amine salts of the present invention.

15

20

25

30

35

A number of recent papers describe other means to encapsulate immunogenic materials but rely on non-aqueous systems. J. H. Eldridge et al. (1991) Molecular Immunology SUPRA., R. Edelman, et al. (1993) Vaccine SUPRA., and R. Reddy, S. Nair, K. Byrnestad and B. T. Rouse, Liposomes as antigen delivery systems in viral immunity. Sem. Immunol. 4:91-96 (1992). Immunogenic subunit vaccine components have been captured in poly-acrylate and poly-glycolide/lactide beads or liposome-like vesicles through processes utilizing volatile organic solvents such as dichloromethane or chloroform. The solvents

- 8 -

are used to form emulsions of polymer solution or dried lipid films. Poly-acrylate and poly-glycolide/lactide processes typically result in microbeads with extremely low (approximating 0.01%) immunogen or antigen capture efficiency compared to the relatively higher (approximating 5%) efficiency seen in the present, not yet optimized, process.

Thus, there remains a need for effective systems for microencapsulation of active agents, and immunogenic substance in particular.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5

10

15

According to one aspect, the present invention provides stable microcapsules that have aqueous cores and are substantially free of non-aqueous contaminants. The microcapsules may advantageously comprise an active agent. The invention further provides a highly efficient method of preparing such microcapsules.

This invention also provides means for 20 encapsulating materials using an entirely aqueous system of reagents at or below room temperature and without need for high pressures. As such, it has application to many substances or entities which are unstable to the organic solvents, elevated 25 temperatures, and/or high pressures heretofore employed in most encapsulation systems. Most notable among such substances and entities are naturally occurring or biotechnologically derived enzymes, proteins and peptides such as glucose 6-phosphate 30 dehydrogenase, calcitonin, erythropoietin, hemoglobin, insulin, interleukin, or somatotropin, naturally occurring non-proteinaceous macromolecules such as heparin, vaccines and vaccine components derived from intact or immunogenic subunits including "naked" 35 desoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) and desoxyribonucleic acid constructs, and/or derived from intact or

```
attenuated organisms or their immunogenic subunits
                                                                                                                                                                                                        accenuaced organization of their lamounogenic supurions of their lamounogenic supurions of their lamounogenic supurions bacilli.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    including actinomyces, pacific and protozoa, ricketteia, protozoa, protozoa,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     helminths, larvae, prione, protozoa, ricketteja, and multicellular parasites and for immunication spirochetes, spirochetes, rolarizing annigence, lead for immunication spirochetes, spiroc
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Epirochetes, viruses, multicellular parasites and immunization antigens used for removed to a vernored to remove to a vernored to 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  yeasts; tolerizing antigens used for responses to duste, against or attenuation of and the analyse and the against or attenuation of areas and the against or attenuation of a state 
WO 95/28227
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          against or attenuation of allergic responses to dusts, and cells such the like, and cells such here and the interlauking against of attenuation of allergic responses to dusts, and cells such and the like, and cells are arranged and cells are arranged and cells are arranged and cells are arranged and cells are arranged are arranged and cells are arranged and cells are arranged and cells are arranged are arranged
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               danders, pollens, spores and the like, and cells such interleuking and cells such and cells such
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       as pancreatic islet cells, heratocytes, interleukin.

heratocytes, interleu
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                and other lumunomoudulator-secreting cells derived as from human or damaged direction or microstonal or microstonal from human or damaged
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    trom numan or other species when implated to serve when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other species when implated to serve trom numan or other damaged, dysfunctional or other species when implated trom numan or other damaged, if not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not serve trom numan or other species which is not s
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             surrogates for organs which, if not encapsulated, tissues and or organs are foreign to the recognition.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Elssues and or organs which it not encapsulated to the recipient to the recipient as foreign to the recipient as foreign to the recipient as might be recognized as foreign to the recipient as might be recognized as foreign to the recipient as might be recognized as foreign to the recipient as a foreign to
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              might be recognized as toreign to the reciplent immunologic attack.

organism and subject to unwanted immunologic actack.
                                                                                                                                                                               5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    encapsulating and later releasing rare alow enough
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    encapeulating and later releasing rate slow enough to drugs, the toxicity of such agents.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        drugs, such as fluorouracil, at a rate slow enough to reduce the toxicity along, and anything reduce the toxicity along, and anything and anything reduce the toxicity along, and anything and anything reduce the toxicity along, and anything along along, and anything along along a such as a such a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         encapsulate, release slowly, and sustain unitorm typified on and sustain unitorm and sustain unitorm and therapeutic concentrations such as nrednishing and therapeutic therapeutic therapeutic concentrations are nrednishing and sustain unitorm and the same and sustain unitorm and the same are not and sustain unitorm and the same are nrednishing and sustain unitorm and the same are nrednishing and sustain unitorm and the same are nrednishing and sustain unitorm un
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     reduce the toxicity of such and sustain uniform uniform and sustain uniform un
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              therapeutic concentrations of numerous drugs (typities and by anti-inflammatory agents such as prednisolone and by anti-hadies such as retraction anti-hadies such as retractions.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Dy anti-unitammatory agents such as tetracycline or indomethacin, arise over a such as tetracycline or indomethacin, arise over a such as arise over a such as a such as a such as a such as a such a 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   indomethacin, antibodies such as tetracycline or when used such as theophylline). When a such as theophylline mararials such as antispasmodic drugs such as theophylline mararials anch as antispasmodic drugs such as theophylline mararials anch as the open and the op
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           antispasmodic drugs such as theophylline). When used theophylline). When used as theophylline). When used theophylline materials such as theophylline). The drugs such as theophylline materials such as theophylline materials.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                to encapsulate pigmented or opaque materials such as the system may be used to the system may be used to the system as information of charcoal the system as information and the system as information as the system as information as the system as information as the system as the system as information as the system as the sys
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    blue dextran or charcoal, the system may be used to (an photoprotect bioactive agents such as ivermectin photoprotect bioactive are protected by the photoprotect bioactive and ar protected and are protected by the photoprotect by the photoprotect
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              pnotoprotect ploactive agents such as iverner protoparabilicide) and Bt proteins ...h. ah are ectoparabilicide; a such as a su
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              thuringiensis larvacidal proteins) which are unstable such agents either gradually release such agents 12helled to release such agents to light, and to rerese such agents of the release such agents of the relea
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               or in triggered purets. Fluorescently labelled color code, microcapsules and in defection and location and lo
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            microcapsules may pe made and used locating and locating identify or aid in arrive
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  according
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             According to another aspect, the present to another aspect, the present appeticles, and the present appeticles, another aspect, and another aspect
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               or in triggered bursts.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      invention provides encapsulated rotavirus particles which are typically unstable and other such agents which are rotavirus particles and other achieved by organic solvents alevated are aratured by organic solvents.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        encapsulated formulations.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              and other such agents which are typically unstar are typically unstar are typically unstar and other such agents which are typically unstar and other such agents which are typically unstar are typically unstar and other such agents which are typically unstar are typically unstar are typically unstar and other such agents which are typically unstar and other agents are typically unstar and other such agents are typically unstar and other agents are typically unstar and typically unstar and other agents are typically unstar and typically unstar and typically unstar are typically unstar and typically
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   . 30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               35
```

- 10 -

temperatures, and/or high pressures heretofore employed in most encapsulation systems. The rotavirus which are encapsulated according to the present invention include reassortant strains of rotavirus which are particularly useful as vaccines to protect against rotavirus infection.

As will appear from the following description, the present invention enables vaccine delivery in a way which allows for penetration of antigen into mucosal lymphocyte populations (e.g., Peyer's patch) after oral inoculation, as well as persistence of antigen in tissues after oral or parenteral inoculation.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURE

5

10

15

35

The accompanying Figure 1 is a schematic side view of an apparatus used in the preferred method for making the microcapsular material of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The Lewis salt-walled aqueous-cored microcapsules of this invention are prepared as described below. The encapsulation system employs the essentially instantaneous reaction between droplets of aqueous solutions of anionic polymers or their water soluble salts and aqueous solutions of low molecular weight cationic amine reactants or their water soluble salts to form water insoluble films around the droplets and their contents. The capsular membrane of the resultant microcapsules is an ionically-stabilized, anisotropic Lewis salt membrane.

An aqueous solution or suspension of active agent (e.g., drug, vaccine or pesticide) and, if desired, adjuvant (photoprotectant, colorant), is dissolved or suspended in an aqueous solution of (e.g., the sodium salt of) a suitable poly-anionic

- 11 -

macromolecule (i.e., polymer). Then the resulting solution/suspension is dispersed as droplets in an aqueous solution of (e.g., the hydrochloride salt of) a suitable water soluble amine. At the apparent interface of the polymer droplets and amine solution, a salt exchange reaction takes place to result in the formation of a very poorly soluble salt (formed between the amine and polymer) which precipitates to form more or less spherical beads or capsules in which active component is captured. The resulting suspension of microcapsules containing encased active component is collected.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Although various active agents may be microencapsulated in accordance with this invention, the invention will be described below primarily with reference to microencapsulation of immunogenic agents, and particularly rotavirus. Thus, according to one embodiment, the present invention enables delivery of immunogenic agents useful as prophylactic immunizing agents, i.e., vaccines, and/or immunotherapeutics.

As used herein, the term "immunogenic composition" includes: immunogenic peptides and proteins including mixtures comprising immunogenic peptides and/or proteins; intact inactive, attenuated and infectious viral particles; intact killed, attenuated and infectious prokaryotes; intact killed, attenuated and infectious protozoans including any life cycle stage thereof, and intact killed, attenuated and infectious multicellular pathogens. In some embodiments, strains of viruses represented by the envelope and non-envelope viruses may be used to provide microencapsulated vaccines.

Immunogenic peptides and proteins include peptides and proteins which comprise at least an epitope identical or substantially similar to an epitope displayed on an antigen against which an immune response is desired. In some preferred

10

15

20

25

30

35

embodiments, immunogenic peptides and proteins are identical to naturally occurring peptides and proteins from pathogens or cells against which an immune response is desired. The proteins may be derived from pathogens such as viruses, prokaryotes, protozoan pathogens and multicellular parasites. In addition, other immune targets may also be provided such as proteins associated with tumors and autoimmune diseases. Proteins are purified from natural sources or produced using recombinant DNA techniques. preferred embodiments, the immunogenic peptides and proteins are pathogen proteins such as viral coat proteins, prokaryotic outer membrane proteins or other antigenic proteins against which a pathogen neutralizing immune response can be invoked. Such microencapsulated peptides and proteins are microencapsulated subunit vaccines.

As used herein, the term "substantially similar epitope" is meant to refer to an epitope that has a structure which is not identical to an epitope of a protein but nonetheless evokes a cellular or humoral immune response which cross reacts to that protein.

Immunogenic peptides and proteins include mixtures which include such components in addition to other immunogenic peptides and proteins and/or non-immunogenic components. Mixtures may be obtained by partial purification of immunogenic peptides and proteins from starting materials which include other components.

Viral vaccines are well known and include: inactive or "killed" virus particles; attenuated viral particles whose infectious capabilities are compromised for example, through recombinant insertions, deletions or insertions or by selective passaging techniques; infectious virus used against other species or as recombinant vectors to

- 13 -

deliver and express genes encoding immunogenic proteins. In some embodiments, strains of viruses represented by the envelope and non-envelope viruses may be used to provide microencapsulated vaccines.

Similarly, prokaryotic vaccines are well known and include: killed organisms; attenuated organisms whose infectious capabilities are compromised; infectious organisms including recombinant vectors to deliver and express genes encoding immunogenic proteins.

5

10

15

20

25

30

In the case of recombinant vectors, the proteins encoded by the genes inserted into the vector are immune targets. Examples of immune targets include but are not limited to pathogen proteins such as proteins from viruses, prokaryotes, protozoan pathogens and multicellular parasites or proteins associated with tumors and autoimmune diseases.

Vaccines against protozoan pathogens using intact killed or attenuated protozoan organisms generally use the organism at a life stage in which the vaccinated organism is normally a host to ensure that the proper immune targets are displayed.

It is also contemplated that in addition to delivery of vectors for the production of immunogenic proteins, microencapsulated vectors may also be provided in gene therapy applications in which the vector carries a therapeutic gene which encodes a non-immunogenic proteins. Such vectors include but are not limited to viral vectors such as recombinant retroviruses and recombinant adenoviruses.

According to another embodiment, the present invention provides microencapsulated rotavirus useful for delivery as prophylactic immunizing agents, i.e., rotavirus vaccines.

Rotavirus vaccines are well known and include: Bovine WC3 (ATCC accession number VR-2102);
HCR3a (ATCC accession number VR-2325 deposited May 1,

```
1991); Bovine WC3; modified with Ruman VP4 W179;
                                                                                                                                                                                     1991); Bovine WC3, modified with Human vp4 W179; WC3, modified with Human W178-8; Bovine WC3, modified with Human w178-6; or number was bovine WC3, modified w1779-0 (1870) acception number w1891); Bovine WC3, modified w1891); Bov
                                                                                                                                                                                                             Bovine WC3, modified with Human W178-8; Bovine WC3, which Human W178-8; Bovine WC3, modified W179-9 (ATCC accession number accession human W179-9 (ATCC) accession number access
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    modified with Human WI79-9 (ATCC accession number VR-29)

modified With Human WI79-9 (ATCC accession number 25, 1987) or SC2-9

modified With Human WI79-9 (ATCC accession number VR-24) denocited in the control of the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               2194 and VR-2196 deposited November 25, 1987) or number VR-2417 deposited July 8 (N. 2417) deposited J
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              (ATCC accession number VR-2417 deposited July 8, ATCC accession number VR-2417 deposited July 8, ATCC
WO 95/28227
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1993); Bovine WC3, modified With Human WI79-9 (ATCC modified With 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         accession number VR-2415 deposited July 8, 1993) and non moder VR-2377 deposited non non moder VR-2377 deposited non non number VR-2377 deposited non non number VR-2377 deposited non non number VR-2415 deposited July 8, 1993) and non number VR-2415 deposited Number VR-2377 deposited Number VR-2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                WI79-4 (ATCC accession number VR-2377 deposited June NI79-4 (ATCC accession number VR-2377 deposited DS1 modified with Human VP4 DS1 number vR-2472 denoting accession number vR-2472 denoting accession number vR-2472 denoting accession number vR-2472 deposited June NI79-4 (ATCC accession number vR-2472 deposited numbe
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           19, 1992); Bovine WC3, modified with Human vpa us.

(ATCC accession number madification in the modified deposited from madification in the modified deposited from madification in the modified with Human vpa us.

(ATCC accession number madification in the modified deposited from madification in the modified with Human vpa us.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           (ATCC accession number vr. 2416 deposited July 8, years and human are accession with human are accession with human are accession with human are accession modified with human are accession with human are accession modified with human are accession accession and accession accession accession and accession accession and accession access
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1993); Bovine WC3, modified with Human Bricout A; HCR3a;
Bovine WC3, modified with Human vp4 Bricout A; minher vp.

Bovine WC3, modified with Human vp4 Bricout A; HCR3a;

Bovine WC3, modified with Human w17a-a

Bovine WC3, modified w17a-a

Bovine W
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Bovine WC3, modified with Human VPA Bricout A; HCR38, por Modified with Human VPA Bricout A; HCR38, por Modified with Human W179-9 (ATCC accession non pour por modified with Human W179-9)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            modified with Human Wa-9: RRV modified with Human DS1-
2324 deposited with Human Wa-9: RRV modified with wa-9: RRV modified wa-9: RR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                2324 deposited May 1, 1991); Rhesus rotavirus RRV; RRV modified with Human programmed RRV modified RRV modifi
                                                                                                                                                                          5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       modified with Human Wa-9; RRV modified with Human P-9; and RRV mod
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Rotavirus strains useful according to the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Rotavirus etrains useful according to U.S.

Rotavirus etrains those described in: 12027. To election include those described include i
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                present invention include those described in: U.S.

present invention 385 issued January 1776, 477 filed

patent No. 4,636,385 assued Number 07/126,477 filed
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Patent No. 4,636,385 issued January 13, 477; filed Number 07/126,477; corisi patent Application 10 parent Appl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Patent Application Serial Number Application Patent November 07/1588 884. filed Third 26 1997; Movember 07/1588 884.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          November 30, 1987; U.S. Patent Application Serial U.S. Patent Application U.S. Patent Number 07/694, 968, filed May 1.

Number 07/588, 884; Number 07/694, 968, filed May 1.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Human ST3-9.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Number 07/588,884, filed July 26, 1990; U.S. May 1, filed July 26, 1990; filed May 1, Mumber 07/588,884, filed July 26, 1990; filed May 1, Mumber 07/588,884, filed July 26, 1990; filed May 1, Mumber 07/588,884, filed July 26, 1990; July 26, 1990;
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Application serial number of patent Application serial number and U.S. p
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1991; and U.S. patent Application Serial Number 18
1991; and U.S. patent Application each of which is
1991; and filed june 22, 1992;
1992; and J.S. patent have reference
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     An aqueous solution or suspended in the arrange of suspended in the arrange solution of the arrange so
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         immunogenic compositions is dissolved or suspended in the sodium salt of) a the sodium salt of) a not marromolecule (i p not marromolecul
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               incorporated herein by reference.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                an aqueous solution of (e.g., the sodium salt of) a dienersed an aqueous solution of macromolecule (i.e., dienersed suitable poly-anionic macromolecule resultant suitable resultant enduring enduring suitable resultant and suitable resultant suitable suitable resultant suitable sui
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   suitable Poly-anionic macromolecule (i.e., dispersed as rhen the resulting an acueous solution of the droolets in an acueous solution of the droolets in an acueous solution.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              droplets in an agueous solution of (e.g., the amine.

droplets in an agueous solution of (e.g., the amine.

aroplets in an agueous solution of water soluble amine.

hydrochloride salt of)

hydrochloride sanarant interface of the nolumer droplets in the salt of the nolumer droplets.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Then the resulting solution of (e.g., ening droplets in an agreeus solution of water ening
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      hydrochloride salt of a suitable water soluble amine.

hydrochloride salt of the polymer droplets place

At the apparent interface of the reaction takes place.

At the solution a salt exchange reaction takes place.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            At the apparent interface of the polymer droplets and salt exchange reaction takes place amine solution; in the formation of a very monthly anime to recult in the formation of a very monthly anime.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               amine solution, a salt exchange reaction takes place reaction takes place
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      . 30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                35
```

- 15 -

salt (formed between the amine and polymer) which precipitates to form more or less spherical beads or capsules in which immunogenic composition is captured. The resulting suspension of microcapsules containing encased immunogenic composition is collected.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

The anionic polymer and reactant amine are chosen from groups which, on reaction with one another, will rapidly form a poorly soluble precipitate and so encase the droplets before the polymer in the droplets diffuses sufficiently to distort appreciably the shape of the droplet or to lower the polymeric reactant concentration below that required to form a film. Thus, it is not necessary to employ polymer solutions of high viscosity, but it is necessary that the amine be capable of rapid diffusion to, and reaction at, the pseudophase boundary defined by the polymer droplet. The viscosity of the polymer solution may be as low as 2.5 to 10 centipoise.

A convenient means of dispersing the polymer solution droplets (comprising a solution or suspension of immunogenic composition in the polymer solution) in the amine solution is to allow an aerosol of the polymer solution to fall onto/into the amine solution as it is stirred. Use of a Bernouli type nebulizer to generate the aerosol results in microcapsules with a relatively wide (Gaussian) distribution of particle sizes about the mean (with coefficients of variation approximating 10 to 20%). If narrower size distributions are desired, an acoustically pulsed droplet generator as described herein may be used to provide highly uniform microcapsules (with coefficients of variability of diameter approximating 5%).

In some instances, as when acid labile immunogenic compositions are to be administered orally, it may be desirable to coat the microcapsules with an enteric material to protect them from gastric

```
acid. Sultable enteric coating materials include cross-
acid. Sultable enteric coating materials include for the rechnology for
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Suitable enteric coating materials include
                                                                                                                                                                          linked polymethacrylic acid. The technology for providing enteric coatings for small particles.
WO 95128227
                                                                                                                                                                                              providing enteric coatings for small partition in the tablets and capsules is well known in the
                                                                                                                                                                 linked Polymethacrylic acid.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               The reactants employed in preparing the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        The reactants employed in preparing the reactants employed in the reactant employed in preparing the reactants employed in preparents e
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            microcapsules from a number of commercial vendors, commany available from a number of scher crientific commany have hear nurchased from Figher
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          available from a number of commercial vendors, but a number of commercial vendors, company, e.c., and have been purchased proper chamical commercial have been purchased proper chamical commercial proper chamical commercial property commercial vendors, but a number of commercial ven
                                                                                                                                                                                                               pharmaceutical industry.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           have been purchased from Fisher Scientific Company, sigma Ruger Chemical Company, and for the Injohn Company, F.M.C. Corporation, and for the Injohn Company, chemical Company, and for the Injohn Com
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               company analor the uplonn company analor the uplonn company analor the proposed materials is an analor the analor of encapsulated materials is an analor the analor of encapsulated materials is an analor the analor of the analo
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               E.M.C. Corporation, and/or the Upjohn Company, Some of an analysis of an analysis
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Rapid release of encapsulated materials is the suspension of the an aqueous suspension of an aqueous suspension of accomplished by water soluble salt.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt salt rase the salt accomplished by awater soluble to a salt airher case the salt accomplished by awater soluble to a salt airher case the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt and accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of the salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of salt accomplished by adding to an aqueous suspension of salt accomplished by adding to a salt accomplished by 
                                                                                                                            5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             employed must be capable of reacting with the products soluble insoluble film to yield water removed of the film insoluble insoluble analogous to the removed of the film insoluble insoluble insoluble insoluble.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               as a solution of such salt. In elther case, the employed must be capable of reacting with the employed must be reached warer equals as a solution of such salt.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               in a manner analogous to the reverse of the film forming

in a manner analogous to the reversible reaction.

forming reaction.

reaction is a reversible reaction.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              insoluble film to yield water soluble of the film to yield water reverse of the film in a manner analogous to the reverse of the film in a manner analogous to aridear that the film in a manner analogous to aridear that the film in a manner analogous to the aridear that the film in a manner analogous to aridear that the film in a manner analogous to the film in a manner analogou
                                                                                                                                                                                           10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   as a solution of such salt.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             forming reaction. It is evident that the film-forming reaction. It is evident that the release of renewal residue is realized recorded in realized realized realized realized realized realized realized.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 reaction is a reversible reaction. Slow release of through their soluble small molecules is realized through the soluble small molecules is realized through the soluble small molecules is reaction.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               soluble small molecules is realized through their soluble small molecules is realized through walls.

gradual diffusion rates denoted on the size and red. while it is a s
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          gradual diffusion through the microcapsular walls. of the size and solubility of the siffusion through the microcapsular walls.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Diffusion fates depend on the size and solubility of the thickness and density of the thickness and or the size and or the size and or the size and or the thickness and density of the diffusing species and or the addition to remark the diffusing are wall
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Thus, in addition to providing
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              of the capsular wall. Thus, in addition to providing the encapsular wall. Thus, the encapsulation provide controlled slow release when wanted controlled slow release of a rapid release to provide controlled slow provide a rapid employed to provide controlled slow providing
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               a rapid release when wanted controlled slow release of may be employed to provide controlled slow release of may be encapsulated materials.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Anionic Polymers or macromolecules which
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Anionic polymers or macromolecules which

Anionic polymers or macromolecules which

as encapsulating reagents

are aroun of water soluble not where

have been from the aroun of water soluble not water

are aroun from the aroun of water soluble not water soluble no
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     of the capsular wall.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                have been shown to be useful as encapsulating reager to be useful as encapsulating reager have been shown the group of water soluble polymers on a single of water around are drawn from carbonnate or single are drawn from carbonnate or single or s
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers consisting are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers are drawn from the group of water soluble polymers.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     soluble encapsulated materials.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               with reactive carboxylate or sultate groups consisting or sultate groups fluorophores acids linked to fluorophores are arrhodamine of alginic acids, isothicovanate or rhodamine of alginic acids, isothicovanate or such as fluorescein isothicovanate.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   or alginic acids, alginic acids linked to fluorof acids acids linked to fluorof acids acids acids or rhodamine or alginic acids, acid acids acid
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 such as Iluoresceln leothlocyanate or Thodamine aborders a leothlocyanate aborders aborders aborders aborders aborders aborders are allulose aborders aborde
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  lsotnlocyanare, arabic acid, cellulose chondroitin carboxymethylcellulose, carrageenans, chondroitin
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 35
```

10

15

sulfate, heparin, polyacrylic acid, polyoxyethylene crosslinked polyacrylic acid (e.g. Eudragit L-100R, produced by Rohm Pharma) and polyvinylcarboxylic acid (e.g. Carbopol 934^R). In some preferred embodiments, the anionic polymer is selected from the group consisting of alginic acid (Fisher Scientific Co., Fairlawn, NJ), polyacrylic acid (Aldrich Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO), cellulose sulfate (Aldrich Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO), Carbomer USP (Carbopol 934®, B.F. Goodrich, Cleveland, OH), carboxymethylcellulose USP (medium viscosity, Ruger Chemical Co. Inc., Irvington, NJ), Heparin USP (The Upjohn Co., Kalamazoo, MI), and arabic acid (isolated according to the method described in U.S. patent #2,666,759 which is incorporated herein by reference), each of which is provided as a sodium salt. In some preferred embodiments, the anionic polymer is alginic acid provided as sodium alginate.

Cationic reactants useful in preparing microcapsules according to this invention are drawn 20 from the group of mono-, di-, tri- and tetra-amino compounds which includes: arginine, decylamine, dodecylamine, ethylenediamine, piperazine, methylene blue, octadecylamine, triethylamine, 25 triethyltetramine, and spermine. It is generally preferred that the anionic polymers be employed as their neutral salts with an alkali metal ion (e.g., sodium) and the basic reactants be employed in the form of their chloride or acetate salts. preferred embodiments, the amine is provided as a 30 hydrochloride salt. In some preferred embodiments, the amine is selected from the group consisting of arginine (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO), piperazine (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO), ethylenediamine (Aldrich Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO), 35 triethylamine (Aldrich Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO), triethylenetetraamine (Aldrich Chemical Co., St.

Louis, MO), methylene blue (Fisher Scientific Co., Fairlawn, N.J.), and spermine each of which being provided as a hydrochloride salt, and octadecylamine (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO) which is provided as an acetate. In some preferred embodiments, the amine is spermine provided as spermine hydrochloride.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Based on tests to date, among the materials which may be encapsulated according to this invention are the following: blue dextran, charcoal, fluorouracil, indomethacin, nicotinamide, phenol red, prednisolone, tetracycline, theophylline, larvacidal proteins of Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) subsp. israelensis, and strains of viruses represented by the envelope and non-envelope viruses vaccinia and rotavirus, respectively.

Prior to formation of microcapsules with captured immunogenic compositions, the anionic polymers and amines are tested individually to determine their effect on immunogenicity of immunogenic composition.

In order to determine the effect of anionic polymers and amines on infectivity and immunogenicity, one having ordinary skill in the art can perform routine assays using readily available starting materials. For example, the ability of a selected immunogenic peptide or protein to invoke an immune response in the presence and absence of various concentrations of the component being evaluated may be determined to ascertain the effect the component has on the immunogenicity of the molecule. Likewise, the ability of a selected infectious agent to infect cells or an animal may be tested in the presence and absence of various concentrations of the component being evaluated to determine the effect the component has on infectivity. In the case of rotavirus, a rotavirus stock can be combined with the aqueous sodium salt of an anionic polymer or the aqueous salt of the amine or

- 19 -

a control such as saline. The effect of the component on the rotavirus infectivity is determined by standard plaque assay.

Since in some embodiments it is preferred that the microencapsulated vaccine to be effective when administered orally, the anionic polymers and amines which do not inactivate the immunogenic composition are tested in combination to determine their capacity to form microcapsules that resist breakdown in simulated gastric acid.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

The aqueous sodium salt of anionic polymer, preferably 1 ml, is added dropwise to aqueous amine hydrochloride (or acetate), preferably 1 ml, to determine the capacity to form an interfacial precipitate. Combinations which generate solid material are used to make microcapsules. Microcapsules are formed by dispersion of the sodium salt of anionic polymer as droplets approximately 5 μm in size into an aqueous solution of the amine salt in a manner analogous to that described for preparing calcium alginate microcapsules in U.S. Patent Number 4,744,933, which is incorporated herein by reference. Short-term stability of microcapsules is tested by observation at room temperature for 5 days in aqueous solution. Microcapsules stable at room temperature are treated with simulated gastric acid (pH 1.2) at 37°C for 2 hours.

The combinations of anionic polymers and amines which do not inactivate the immunogenic compositions and which provide stable microcapsules are then used to form microencapsulated vaccines. The immunogenic composition is first combined with the anionic polymer. The polymer/virus mixture is then dispersed as droplets into amine.

Further examples of human and veterinary vaccines and strains of rotavirus which can be encapsulated in accordance with the present invention are listed

- 20 -

below.

Human vaccines

Diphtheria toxoid Pertussis toxoid

Tetanus toxoid 5 Hepatitis B surface antigen Respiratory syncytial virus Adenovirus

Parainfluenza virus

Canaraypox recombinants 10 Hepatitis A virus Influenza virus, live or inactivated Yellow fever virus Live attenuated poliovirus

Rabies virus 15 Inactivated poliovirus Cholera Hemophilus Influenza type B Yersinia pestis (plague)

Neisseria meningitidis 20 Salmonella typhi (typhoid) Measles BCG

35

Mumps

25 Streptococcus pneumoniae

Rubella

Varicella

Rotavirus

Human immunodeficiency virus

Herpes simplex virus 30 Cytomegalovirus

Veterinary vaccines 2.

<u>Cattle</u>

Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis Parainfluenza type 3

Bovine diarrhea virus
Bovine respiratory syncytial virus
Rotavirus
Coronavirus

5 Rabies
Haemophil

Haemophilus/Pasteurella species

Leptospira

Clostridia species

Tetanus toxoid

10 Dogs

Canine distemper/measles

Canine hepatitis

Parvovirus

Coronavirus

15 Rabies

Borrelia burgdorferi

Leptospira

Cats

Feline rhinotracheitis virus

20 Feline calicivirus

Panleukopenia virus

Feline leukemia virus

Feline infectious peritonitis virus

Rabies

25 <u>Swine</u>

Transmissible gastroenteritis

Rotavirus

Parvovirus

Pseudorabies

30 Pasteurella

Erysipelas

Leptospira sp.

Haemophilus sp.

Bordetella

35 Tetanus toxoid

Horses

Equine encephalomyelitis

25

30

35

Equine influenza
Equine rhinopneumonitis
Tetanus toxoid
Rabies

5 3. Rotavirus strains

Bovine WC3 HCR3a Bovine WC3, modified with Human vp4 W179 Bovine WC3, modified with Human W178-8 Bovine WC3, modified with Human W179-9 or SC2-9 10 Bovine WC3, modified with Human W179-9 and -4 Bovine WC3, modified with Human vp4 DS1 Bovine WC3, modified with Human Bricout B -9 Bovine WC3, modified with Human vp4 Bricout A HCR3a, modified with Human W179-9 15 Rhesus rotavirus RRV RRV modified with Human Wa-9 RRV modified with Human DS1-9 RRV modified with Human P-9

RRV modified with Human ST3-9

Two types of virus, a strain of vaccinia virus, identified as VVUKvp7, and two strains of rotavirus, identified as WC3 and RRV have been successfully captured, sustained and later released from the microcapsules of the present invention.

These two types of virus represent the two major categories of virus, envelope and non-envelope. Non-enveloped viruses, such as rotavirus, poliovirus, adenovirus, are much less susceptible to drying agents, detergents and surface cleansing agents than are enveloped viruses. As a result non-enveloped, but not enveloped, viruses survive well in sewage and on environmental surfaces. Enveloped viruses, due to their surface lipid bilayer, are not as hearty as non-enveloped viruses, and are susceptible to breakdown by

- 23 -

contact with the agents listed above. Vaccinia virus was chosen as an encapsulation candidate because of its use as a recombinant vector into which DNA encoding immunogenic peptides and proteins may be relatively readily inserted. Strains of rotavirus were chosen for trial because rotavirus is known to cause severe and sometimes fatal diarrhea in human and other infants.

5

35

Microcapsules according to the present 10 invention may be made with the apparatus described herein which allows preparation of microcapsules of extremely narrow size distribution at selectable median sizes. This is of importance in making microcapsules intended for injection or for uptake 15 through the gut-associated lymphatic tissues (a subset of which are often referred to as Peyer's patches) or the bronchus-associated lymphatic tissue of the respiratory system. Microcapsules intended for intravenous injection must necessarily be less than 20 about 5 microns in diameter, small enough to pass through capillary beds. For administration by inhalation, particles must be in the respirable size range, less than about 5 microns, and, to reach deep alveolar sites, it is preferred that particles be in 25 the size range below 2 microns. The tissues of Peyer's patches are highly discriminatory in the size of particle which they will engulf and select only particles less than 10 and preferably about 5 microns in size. This device can produce populations of microcapsules of various sizes, with standard 30 deviation from the mean of less than 0.25 micron in the range near the mean volume diameter of 5 microns.

The vaccines of the invention may be administered by a variety of routes including, for example, intraocular, intranasal, buccal, oral, inhalation, rectal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intra-arterial, intravenous, and intraperitoneal. The

10

30

35

vaccines of the invention may be delivered parenterally. Examples of such vaccines have been shown to enhance immunogenicity in laboratory mice several hundred- to thousand-fold compared to unencapsulated virus. The system works well with both purified virus and viral tissue culture suspensions so that laborious and expensive separation of viral particles is not required.

Microcapsule Forming Reactions:

In accordance with the present invention, one of two types of reactions can be employed to form the microcapsules in aqueous media. These are acid-base reactions and salt exchange reactions.

Acid-base Reaction:

Several water soluble acidic polymers will 15 react in aqueous solution with low molecular weight water soluble mono- or oligo-amines to form poorly water soluble salts which may precipitate. of water soluble acidic polymers which participate in this reaction includes arabic acid, cellulose sulfate, 20 chondroitin sulfate, heparin, and fluorescent derivatives of the above acidic polymers. The group of amines which yield poorly water soluble salts in this reaction includes decylamine, dodecylamine, .25 ethylenediamine, hexadecylamine, methylene blue, octadecylamine, piperazine, spermine, tetradecylamine, triethylamine and triethylenetetramine.

Salt Exchange Reaction:

A similar reaction occurs with formation of poorly water soluble salts if the acidic polymers described above or certain relatively poorly water soluble acidic polymers are employed as solutions of their respective neutral salts (e.g., with sodium or ammonium ion) and the amines described above are dissolved as their water soluble salts (e.g., hydrochloride, acetate). The similar reaction may be considered a salt exchange reaction in which one of

the products (e.g., sodium chloride or sodium acetate) is soluble and the amine-polymer salt is poorly soluble. The group of acidic polymers useful as their water soluble salts in the salt-exchange reaction includes those polymers named above and also the 5 following acidic polymers in the form of their sodium or other water soluble salts: alginic acid and fluorescent derivatives, e.g. fluorescein isothiocyanate and rhodamine isothiocyanate, derivatives of alginic and other acids, 10 carboxymethylcellulose, Eudragit L-100R (polyoxyethylene cross-linked polyacrylic acid), polyacrylic acid, polyvinylacrylic acid and fluorescent derivatives of these polymers. This 15 larger group of acidic polymers will all react as their sodium or other water soluble salt with at least one of the members of the group of amines in the form of their hydrochloride or acetate salts to form poorly water soluble amine-polymer salts in the salt exchange reaction. However, not all combinations that form 20 poorly soluble salts will form microcapsules in accordance with this invention. See the test described below and compare Tables 1 and 2 below.

As used herein, the terms "anionic polymer", "polymer strand" and "anionic polymer solution" are meant to refer to polymers which participate in forming the amine-polymer salt. References to concurrently formed water soluble products of the exchange reaction (e.g., sodium chloride or sodium acetate) are not expressly referred to herein unless there is specific need to refer to these water soluble products.

25

30

35

Thus, the group of anionic polymers that can be used as microcapsule forming agents in accordance with this invention consists of polymeric substances with carboxylate acidic functional groups (alginic, arabic, carboxymethylcellulose, Eudragit L-100,

polyacrylic acid and polyvinylcarboxylic acid), sulfate acidic groups (carrageenans, cellulose sulfate, chondroitin sulfate, heparin), linear or branched polyalkylene backbones (polyacrylic acid, poly-vinylcarboxylic acid), linear carbohydrate backbones (alginic acid, cellulose sulfate, chondroitin sulfate, heparin) and branched carbohydrate backbones (arabic acid).

5

30

35

In the microcapsules of the present 10. invention, the anionic polymer constitutes the major structural component of the microcapsular walls. Typically, the polymer is chosen to provide a desired range of spacing between nearest neighbor anionic Thus, in their extended forms above the theta temperatures of the polymers, the interanionic 15 distances approximate the equivalent of 2 methylene groups in poly-acrylic acid, 6 in alginic acid, cellulose sulfate, chondroitin sulfate, and heparin, 10 in carboxymethylcellulose and between 20 and 30 in 20 highly branched arabic acid. This allows one to selectively form capsule walls having different porosities. See T. J. Speaker and L. Lesko, U.S. Patent No. 3,959,457, Microparticulate material and method of making such material, 25 May 1976, column 5, 25 lines 6 through 20.

Because all the anionic polymers used in the present invention have average molecular weights well above 10 kD, they are multivalent and can react with the amines in a wide range of stoichiometries. In practice it has been found that the preferred range of stoichiometries of amine to anionic polymer repeat unit is about 0.2 to about 0.6. In other words, about 2 to 6 amine molecules are available to combine with each 10 anionic group on the polymers, to form salts of the polymer. Further, because several of the amines are also multivalent, the reacting species can, in theory, form complex networks in which the amines

15

serve to crosslink anionic polymer strands. The precipitates, which form essentially instantaneously when solutions of anionic polymers and amines are stirred together, tend to be amorphous, cohesive, adhesive and often filamentous. However, not all combinations of anionic polymer and amine yield poorly soluble amine-polymer salt. Table 1 below lists two groups of reactive species tested to date and indicates the combinations with which applicants have been successful in forming precipitates, when these combinations were allowed to react. The anionic polymers and amines are listed in order of increasing approximate equivalent weights (shown in parentheses) of the amines and polymer repeating units.

Table 1
Amine/Polymer Combinations Which Form Insoluble Salts

											Anionic Polycers
		1							_	-	p-acrylic acid (74)
		Ιr			-			-		_	o-vinylearboxylic acid (86)
		11	1-		_	_			_		alginic acid (176)
		11	- 1	۳,	_	_		_			Eudragit 1-100 (155)
		1 1	1	1	ı—			_			callulose sulfate (260)
		11	ł	1	1,	_		_	_		carboxymethylcallulose (295)
			١	1	Н	-		_		_	heparin (460)
		11	-	Ł	1 1		7				chondroitin sulface (480)
		11	-	•	1		1	. 1	_		cellulose acessee phthalace (563)
		11	-	l,	1 1		1	- 1	1	_	arabic (1000)
Acines		11	٦		l i			ᆀ	. 1	<u> </u>	Strate (1900)
ethylenedizaine	(30)	1+1	-10	12	ا÷ا	۲	0		÷		
tristhylenetetrami		÷ :	<u>+ +</u>	0		2		- 1		0	t -1 de (4) deddeebee
piperazine	(43)	lole	3 ÷	o	0	G	u	이	- 1	- 1	A plus mark (+) indicates
spermine	(51)	+ -	+ +	+	+	+	-	-1	٠,	Ŏ	formation of a precipitate when reactants are combined.
arginine	(87)	0	+ 0		- 1	- 1	O I	- 1	٠,	인	vnen reactions are companied.
triethy!amine	(95)	0 -	-10	10	0	O	0,	이	+	C	a zero (O) indicates co
dec <u>glesi</u> ne	(156)	+ -	٠Į÷	÷	÷	÷	+	+	÷¦	÷	precipitate forms.
dodecylamice	(170)	+ -	-} +	+	÷	÷	+	÷ļ	÷	÷	
tetradecylamine	(184)	÷ -	- ÷	+	+	+	+	÷١	÷	÷	
methylene blue	(187)	0.	- +	0	+	o j	0	0	÷	C	
hexadecylamine	(198)	[+]+	-[÷	÷	÷	÷	+	+	÷	÷	
octadecylamine	(212)	÷ -	÷[+	÷	÷	÷	÷	+[+	÷	

- 28 -

Although the majority of the combinations of anionic polymer and amine will react to form a poorly water soluble amine polymer salt, a smaller subset of this set appears to be capable of forming microcapsules, at least under the conditions tested to date. Thus, the simple ability to form a water insoluble amine polymer salt does not in itself provide definitive identification of microcapsule wall forming components, at least under the conditions tested to date.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

To determine whether a selected amine/polymer pair will form capsules and microcapsules, the following procedure is useful. Prepare separate aqueous solutions of the amine and polymer, containing about 1% w/v of the acid form of the polymer and an approximately stoichiometrically equivalent amount of amine, in equal volumes of water. Alternatively, if the polymer or amine are not soluble to such an extent, prepare separate solutions of water soluble salts of the amine (e.g., hydrochloride or acetate) and of the polymer (e.g., sodium or ammonium). To an approximately 5 milliliter volume of the amine solution add successive 20 to 25 microliter volumes of the polymer solution, delivering the polymer solution dropwise from a height of about 1 centimeter. Visually observe the two solutions as the one is added to the other. Note whether the droplets of polymer solution merge with the amine solution and the system becomes homogeneous or whether a pellicle forms about the polymer solution droplets and keeps them as physically distinct and mechanically separate entities.

If the added droplets form such a pellicle and do not blend with the amine solution to make a homogeneous solution, it is probable the reactant pair

10

15

can be used to make microcapsules. To test this probability more closely, it is necessary to repeat the experiment using polymer droplets and amine solutions prepared over a range of concentrations to establish optimal reactant concentrations.

If either the amine or acid form of the polymer is inadequately soluble to conduct the test as described above, the salt forms of the reactant pair may be used together in their place.

Table 2 indicates which amine polymer salts have effectively formed stable microcapsules, under conditions tested to date.

Table 2

Amine/Polymer Combinations

Which Form Stable Microcapsules

	Anionic Polymers	(E.W.)
	p-acrylic acid	(74)
	p-vinylcarboxylic acid	(86)
	alginic acid	(176)
	Eudragit L-100	(185)
	cellulose sulfate	(260)
		(295)
	carboxymethylcellulose	(480)
	heparin heparin	
	chondroitin sulfate	(480)
	cellulose acetate phthala	ice (203)
Amines	arabic	(1000)
ethylenediamine (30)	1+1+10101+101010101	
triethylenetetramine(37)	1+1+101+101010101	
	00+000000 A plus mark (+) indica	ites
F-F	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	t m
spermine (51)		
arginine (87)	171:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1:1	
triethylamine (95)	+ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 indicates they do not	•
decylamine (156)	+ + + + + + + + 0 +	
dodecylamine (170)	+ + + + + + + + 0 +	
tetradecylamine (184)	[+[+]+ + + + + 0 +	
methylene blue (187)		
hexadecylamine (198)	++++++++++0+	
	++++++++++0+	
octadecylamine (212)	441.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	

```
The ability of a combination of aqueous
                                                                                                                                  solutions of amine and polymer to form a stable
                                                                                                                                             solutions of amine and polymer to form a stable the solutions of amine and polymer requires first that and configuration and conceived and con
                                                                                                                                                              microcapsular configuration requires tirst that the in microcapsular configuration and oppositely charged in nonrive enturing the form a nonrive enturing the reactants be water sometime to form a nonrive enturing the reactants be water sometime to form a nonrive enturing the reactants be water sometime to form a nonrive enturing the reactants be water sometimes to form a nonrive enturing the reactants be water to be a nonrive enturing the reactants be water to be a nonrive enturing the reactants and the reactants are the reactants are the reactants and the reactants are the reactants and the reactants are the reactan
                                                                                                                                                                               reactants be water soluble and oppositely charged in to form a poorly soluble reactants be water combine to form a poorly soluble in animal notional that they may the animal notional that that that they may the animal notional that they are the animal notional that the animal notional that they are the animal notional that the animal notional t
WO 95/28227
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  salt. Importantly the anionic polymer strands in the anionic polymer strands to the salt. Importantly rapidly diffuse compared to the salt. Importantly rapidly diffuse compared to the salt. Importantly rapidly diffuse compared to the anion must not rapidly rapidly anion molecules anion of the amine molecules anion of the anion o
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                solution must not rapidly diffuse compared to the solution must not rapidly molecules (ions) to aroniere of aniability of the amine molecules the aroniere of aniability of the arone preferred that the arone aro
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ability of the amine molecules the droplets of anionic animal that the droplets of animal animal introduced into the amine animal animal into the amine animal animal into the amine animal ani
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            in such a manner that the polymer droplets do not that the polymer droplets do mixed or very rapidly mixed or very makes correctly distorted or very makes and the correctly distorted or very makes correctly distorted or very makes and the correctly disto
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   The basis for
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              requirements are relatively easily met. terms of the terms of the terms of the terms are relatively easily met. terms of the these requirements have accordingly these requirements are accordingly these in the process accordingly these in the process accordingly.
                                                                                                                    5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               become excensively alscorted or very recome excensively alscorted or very recome the bulk of the amine solution.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                WICH the bulk of the anthe solution. Met.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             these requirements may be understood in terms of these requirements may be understood in greater detail in the process described in greater detail in steps in the process described in greater detail in steps in the process described in greater detail in steps in the process described in greater detail in steps in the process described in greater detail in steps in the process described in greater detail i
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 At the start of the microcapsule making
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          At the start of the microcapsule making and the aqueous solutions of anionic polymer the aqueous solutions (i e nhveinally) the aqueous anionically (i e
                                                                                                                                                                               10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           process the aqueous solutions of anionic polymer the agreementally (i.e., physically) of the amine are mechanically
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            or the amine are mechanically (2.e., physically)

or the amine are mechanically (2.e., physically)

separated phases.

separated phases.

separated phases.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          separated phases.

At room temperature, the water expected are expected anionic polymer solution are expected anionic polymer solution.

To have high in all the molecules of the all thermodynamic antivity.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            to have high (0.9+) thermodynamic activity water) and to have high (excluding the contribution of water) and coefficients coefficients far more rapidly than do the nolumer
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              molecules of the anionic polymer solution at the modynamic activity to have high (0.91) when the contribution of
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         below.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           coetticients (excluding the contribution of water than do the polymer than do the polymer than the coetticients far more rapidly than (molecular molecular m
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            to diffuse far more rapidly than do the polymer weights and the polymer strands (molecular weights are of colloidal size as molecules. The polymer arm) are of colloidal size as molecules. The polymer amil are of colloidal size as a molecules.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             molecules. The polymer strands of colloidal size and are of colloidal size and co
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              above 10 ku, 100,000 and are or colloidal size of colloidal size or colloidal size o
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               In Particular, it is expected that a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             particles. In particular, it is expected that a to polymer will tend to polymer will tend to anionic polymer of anionic polymer of colloidal solution of anionic polymer of anionic polymer of anionic polymer with devalorment of colloidal inhomogeneits, with devalorment of colloidal inhomogeneits.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 collolaal solucion of anionic polymer will cer
with development of
structural inhomogeneity with high anionic asi
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         structural innomogeneity with development of mais microregions of relatively high colloidal polymer microregions of relatively mais a constant mais microregions of relatively mais microregions of relatively mais microregions of relatively mais microregions.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         concentration and others void or polymer the time concentration and others void or polymers has recently been with time behavior of colloidal polymers 263:66-68. With time behavior of colloidal science 263:66-68.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             microregions of relatively may polymer.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Dehavior of colloidal polymers has recently been st with time science 263:66-68, with time has science 263:66-68, with time here al. (1994) science and microarante has recently been st with time with time has recently been st with time with time has recently been st with time has recently been st with time with time has recently been st with time with time with time has recently been st with time with time with time with time and the second secon
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           by Ito et al. (1994) Science 263:66-68, with time incrographs.

Dy Ito confocal laser roward incommondates, and roward inc
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    particles.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Lapse contocal laser micrographs. The micrographs and void inhomogeneity and void show such tendency toward inhomogeneity
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             35
```

```
Ito et al. discuss this behavior in terms
                                                                                                                       structure. Ito et al. discuss this behavior in this of ionic polymers and immediately as those employed by contract of ionic polymers and immediately as the second as the
                                                                                                                                       of ionic polymers sodium polyacrylate).

of ionic polymers sodium polyacrylate leee than Anni at invention (e.g., (molecular weights leee than anine reactants)
                                                                                                                                                    invention (e.g., molecular weights have an invention (e.g., molecular weights have an invention anime reactants)
                                                                                                                                                                     amine reactants (molecular weights than are the anionic than are the anionic active than are the anionic thermodynamically diffuse far more raniduv than an thermodynamically diffuse far more raniduv than anionic thermodynamically diffuse far more raniduv than an thermodynamically diffuse far more raniduv than anionic thermodynamically diffuse far more raniduv than anionic thermodynamically diffuse far more raniduv than anionic anionic than anionic than anionic than anionic than are the anionic than are the anionic anionic than are the anionic than are the anionic anionic than are the anionic anionic anionic than are the anionic an
                                                                                                                                                                                  thermodynamically far more active than are the anionic the diffuse far more rapidly warer diffuse far more alowly than an warer polymer strands that more alowly than an warer
WO 95/28227
                                                                                                                                                                                                polymer strands (but more slowly than do water polymer strands are understood to be become and and are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be because of the polymer strands are understood to be a supplied to be a suppl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                polymer strands are understood to be homogeneously molecules, throughout their entires
                                                                                                                    structure.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           when a droplet of anionic polymer solution
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              When a droplet of anionic polymer solution it introduced that the provious of anime amended into a bulk volume of anime animal animal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   molecules and are understood to be nomed their solutions.

distributed throughout their solutions.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              is expected that the previously separate aqueous is expected that the previously increased in a pulk volume of amine aqueous is expected that the previously separate and the previously separate aqueous is expected that the previously separate and 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               is expected that the previously separate aqueous to phases will essentially instantaneously with no
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               form a single continuous aqueous phase with no separate the previously separate to the previously to low the for the phase boundary for the pand. the low other hand. the low discernable phase on the other hand.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 pnages will essentially instantaneously compine form a single continuous aqueous phase with no
                                                                                                         5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             aqueous components. on the anionic polymers of the anionic polymers diffusion.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  diffusion coefficients of the anionic polymers for colloidal maren anionic polymers and for colloidal for coefficients of the anionic polymers for colloidal for coefficients of the anionic polymers for coefficients of the anionic polymers and the colloidal for coefficients of the anionic polymers and coefficients and coe
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (typically less than 7 x 10, cm, sec for colloidal movement range near 10 kD) limit movement in the mass range near initial nositions polymers in the mass from their initial nositions polymers molecules from their initial nositions
                                                                                                                                                                     10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Polymers in the mass from their initial positions of Polymer molecules from their the nolumer column of Polymer to the remainder of the nolumer column of Polymer to the remainder of the nolumer column of Polymer to the remainder of the nolumer column of Polymer to the remainder of the nolumer column of Polymer to the remainder of the nolume to the remainder of the nolume to the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           of polymer molecules from their initial positions of the polymer molecules from the polymer arise miles of the polymer the remainder of the polymer to the remainder of the polymer arise miles arise for a miles of the polymer arise for a miles of the polymer molecules from the polymer molecu
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       aqueous components.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         relative to the remainder of the Polymer solution water droplet and allow moving rearly as ranialy as water
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      droplet and allow time for a multiplicity or amine for a multiplicity of amine water aroplet and allow time for a multiplicity of amine water molecules (lons), moving nearly as rapidly as water with the polymers molecules to come into oroximity with the polymers
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         molecules to come into proximity with the polymers and ro for molecules to come arrange arrange are a roughly as water with the polymers and ro for molecules to come arrange 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       molecules, to come into proximity with the polymers, the them, and to the them thus, the to be electrostatically attracted polymers.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       salts with anionic groups of the polymer molecules during of the polymer molecules during relative immobility of the amine unite allows relative mith numerous amine unite allows
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          to be electrosically acceptanced to the polymers.

Ealts with anionic groups of the polymers.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       reaction with numerous amine units allows
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  reaction with numerous amine units allows to the precipitation of a shell which conforms precipitation of a shell which as the precipitation of a shell which are the precipitation of the preci
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  precipitation of a shell which conforms to the polymer strands

precipitation of a shell which of the polymer strands

approximate initial positions arouler

approximate rhe chare of the approximate rhe chare rhe chare of the approximate rhe chare rh
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             The development of this shell around a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   droplet may be easily anaroving rely, on microline and an anaroving rely, on microline
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        approximate the shape of the droplet.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   dropler may be easily observed macroscopically by carefully adding an approximately 20 microliter
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    carefully adding an approximately 20 microliter w/v aqueous 1% w/v approximately adding an approximately of aqueous 1% w/v approximately adding an approximately of aqueous 1% w/v approximately adding an approximately 20 microliter w/v aqueous 1% w/v aqueous 2% 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 sodium carboxymethylcellulose solution of decylamine aqueous solution aqueous solution approximately 1% w/v
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    approximately spherical droplet or aqueous land to an approximately sphericallulose solution of accommendation of accomm
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  35
```

30

35

hydrochloride. Within a small fraction of a second, a barely discernable spherical pellicle forms around the added droplet and, during a few more seconds, the pellicle becomes increasingly thicker and more 5 The resulting microcapsule can be opalescent. retrieved with a pasteur pipette or collected on fine netting. It should be noted that, if such a polymer droplet is delivered to the amine solution from a height of several centimeters, it is highly probable 10 that the droplet may be distorted to form an oblate spheroid or biconcave disk-like structure which similarly gradually becomes thicker and more opalescent of shell. If the amine solution is stirred or rapidly flowing, added droplets tend to form prolate spheroids or filamentous particles which 15 similarly thicken. If the droplets of polymer solution are smaller, they may be dispersed onto or into the amine solution from greater heights or onto/into flowing amine solution with less distortion. 20 In practice, droplets of approximately 5 to 7 micron diameter may be applied from a height of 5 centimeters to the surface of an amine solution flowing at linear velocity of about 1 centimeter per second and still produce essentially spherical microcapsules.

While it is perhaps too simple to describe the process by which pellicles surrounding polymer droplets form and thicken to make microcapsules in terms only of diffusional processes, such a description conveys a fairly accurate sense of what happens. A more detailed understanding may be derived through the description of the mechanism and dynamics of ion transport across a liquid-liquid interface. I. Benjamin (Science 261: 1558-1560, 1993) has shown that, although the time averaged water-dichloroethane interface is "molecularly sharp", over short time intervals, thermal fluctuations induce formation of capillary interdigitations of each liquid phase with

25

30

35

the other. These capillary "fingers" allow ion transfer from one phase to another even though the bulk phases are clearly separate. It is to be expected that similar capillary intrusions of an amine bearing part of the aqueous phase into polymer bearing aqueous phase might similarly provide a mechanism by which the ions of the amine polymer salt might interact to develop a film or pellicle without grossly disturbing the integrity of the polymer droplet.

In effect, then, the ability of the reactant 10 solutions to form discrete microcapsules depends at least in part on the relative immobility of polymer strands in aqueous media and the relatively much greater mobility of amine molecules (ions), and perhaps also in part on the brief thermally induced 15 fluctuation of the apparent interfacial boundary between amine and polymer solutions. It does not require high viscosity solutions, but rather one species of slow diffusing reactant. This interpretation of the mechanism of microcapsule 20 formation is quite at odds with the constraints on microcapsule formation put forth in other entirely aqueous encapsulation systems.

The reaction leading to formation of amine polymer salt precipitates may be seen to be a simple salt exchange and as such has the characteristics of a reversible reaction. That this is so is demonstrable by adding an excess of the soluble salt formed in the reaction, or a concentrated solution of it (e.g., sodium chloride or sodium acetate), to a suspension of microcapsules. Raising the concentration of sodium chloride in the aqueous medium surrounding a population of microcapsules to about 4% w/v generally results in their rapid dissolution. However, treatment with sodium chloride or another electrolyte capable of yielding soluble polymer and amine salts (e.g., sodium phosphate to make a 4% w/v solution) may

- 34 -

not completely disrupt microcapsules made with very poorly soluble amines (e.g., hexadecylamine, octadecylamine), and, to disrupt such microcapsules, e.g. for analytical purposes, it is useful to add a solvent that is able to deplete the aqueous concentration of amine (e.g., cyclohexane).

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

A presently preferred method for forming the microcapsules of the invention is to employ an acoustical droplet forming device that has been developed for this purpose.

This device produces a stream of uniform fine droplets of anionic polymer solution and direct them onto and through a constantly renewed surface of the cationic reactant solution so that newly arriving droplets do not impinge on earlier delivered droplets. The device thereby (1) reduces the tendency to form microcapsule agglomerates and (2) provides a means to produce large populations of microcapsules with a very narrow size distribution range. The machine operates by sonically pulsing a downward flowing vertical stream of polymer solution just before it emerges from a narrow orifice so that the sound wave propagating through the liquid stream initiates a series of constrictions in the stream which then, under the influence of the surface tension of the liquid, causes the stream to break up into a train of uniform droplets. The droplet train is directed coaxially into a narrow cylindrical tube which is supplied through a side opening (or its topologic equivalent) with a continuous flow of the cationic reactant. Thus, each newly arriving polymer droplet encounters a fresh surface of cationic reactant and has minimal opportunity to strike and coalesce with another polymer droplet before it begins to form its own capsular wall and exits the lower end of the tube.

The major components of the acoustic device for preparation of microcapsules may perhaps be best

30

35

described in terms of its functional sequence as it brings two liquid streams together to form microcapsules. In this device, aqueous solutions of anionic polymer and amine are stored in separate reservoirs and pumped through separate transfer lines. 5 The amine solution is fed to and enters the stem of a modified T-tube which serves as the primary reaction vessel. The T-tube is mounted so that the cylindrical axis of the bar of the T is oriented vertically. Amine solution entering the stem of the T-tube flows 10 horizontally for a few millimeters before it flows by gravity out the lower half of the T-tube bar. practice, it has been useful to employ not a simple Ttube but rather one of the sort often referred to in clinical chemical laboratories as a "cactus tube". A 15 cactus tube has the general shape of the lower case letter h and, in this application, the tube is positioned so that the h shape is upside down. straight part of the cactus tube is about 2 cm long and has an internal diameter of about 2 mm.) 20 solution flowing from the T-tube may be returned to the reservoir and recirculated.

membrane filter (of 8 micron or finer retentiveness), then through a glass capillary, the distal end of which is constricted to a nominal diameter of 20 to 25 microns, and emerges in the form of a fine continuous liquid jet. (The constricted capillary is readily fabricated from a volumetric 25, 50 or 100 microliter glass capillary tube of a type generally available from laboratory supply houses, e.g., A.H.Thomas Co. The constriction is preferably such that the jet of polymer solution emerges with a velocity in the range between 4 and 5 meters per second when the polymer solution is pumped at 1 to 2 milliliters per minute, but flow rates and velocities outside these ranges may, of course, be employed.)

```
The capillary is aligned in a shallow v.
                                                                                                                                      The capillary is aligned in a shallow by a shallow in a metal block and tightly held by a metal block and tightly ribraring shaped groove in a metal block and arially ribraring shaped groove in a metal block and tightly ribraring are increased.
                                                                                                                                                        snaped groove in a metal block and tightly held by end compression springs against the axially vibrating compression springs against to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially vibrating end to a compression springs against the axially end to a compression springs against the axi
                                                                                                                                                                           compression springs against the axially vibrating of a laboratory transducer (e.g., nominal accordance) of an acoustic transducer are a nominal accordance.
                                                                                                                                                                                           of an acoustic transducer (e.g., nominal energy output of an acoustic transducer at a normy is transferred ultrasonic probe operated at a narmy is transferred ultrasonic probe of that annier; of an marrel of the married and annier; of an marrel of the married and annier; of the married annier; of 
                                                                                                                                                                                                          ultrasonic probe operated at a nominal energy output

ultrasonic probe that acoustic energy the flowing

of 40 watts)

of 40 watts
WO 95/28227
                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ot 40 watts) so that acoustic energy is transterre to the flowing through the wall of the capillary of notions of through the wall of the capillary of notions of through the wall of the capillary of notions.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             through the wall of causing of dronlets of uniform size.

through the wall of causing of dronlets of uniform size.

to break un into a train of dronlets of uniform size.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   polymer solution, causing the jet of polymer solution him train of droplets of uniform him trained to break up into a trained trained to break up into a trained t
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       The transducer capillary compression of the transducer of the tran
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        The transducer capillary compression block

The transducer capillary emerging train of

that the emerging is positioned so that the through sir for

assembly is position dromlers research through sir for
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       polymer and is directed axially into the amine solution about 3 cm and her ro imminne on the amine solution about 3 morning her ro imminne on the amine solution.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          about 3 cm and is directed axially into the upper examine and is directed axially into the upper examine solution of the arrange on the arrange of the arran
                                                                                                                      5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                of the from the side (stem) of the Trube.

The from the side (stem) of the Trube.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            entering from the side (stem) of the T-tube.

The amine of the T-tube amine amine polymer solution aronary and the side of the T-tube.

The amine of the T-tube amine amine of the T-tube.

The amine of the T-tube amine of the T-tube.

The amine of the T-tube amine of the T-tube.

The amine of the T-tube amine of the T-tube.

The amine of the T-tube amine of the T-tube.

The amine of the T-tube amine of the T-tube amine of the T-tube.

The amine of the T-tube amine of the T-tube amine of the T-tube.

The amine of the T-tube amine of the T-tub
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  polymer solution droplets react with the amine the results that flow remarks that flow remarks the results and of the results and of the results amine solution out the lower and of the results amine solution out the lower and of the results amine solution out the lower and of the results amine solution out the lower and of the results amine solution out the lower and of the results amine solution out the lower and of the results amine solution out the lower amine solution out the lower amine solution out the lower amine the lower amine the lower amine the lower amine the results are solution of the lower amine the lower amine solution of the lower amine solution out the lower amine solution of the lower amine solution of
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  solution to form microcapsules that flow with the bar.

solution to form microcapsules that flow T-tube bar.

solution to form microcapsules that flow T-tube bar.

solution to form microcapsules that flow with the bar.

solution to form microcapsules that flow with the bar.

solution to form microcapsules that flow T-tube bar.

solution to form microcapsules that flow T-tube bar.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Even in the absence of sonic stimulation.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 polymer
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Even in the absence of sonic stimulation, the absence of sonic stimulation, the which emerges from the absence of sonic stimulation, the the jet of polymer solution as absence of sonic stimulation, the absence of sonic stimulation, and the absence of sonic stimulation and the absence of sonic stimulati
                                                                                                                                                                                        20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       the Jet of Polymer solution which emerges from would above, would as described above, of constriction, as described above, of capillary constriction, hreak in into a train of capillary enontaneously break in into a train of capillary enontaneously enough the capillary enough in the capillary enou
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   capillary constriction, as described above, would read into a train of into a train of mormally spontaneously break up into a recent of marring normally spontaneously are a recent of marring at the second of the 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      normally spontaneously break up into a train of varying as a result of varying as a finial arrangement of varying size as a finial arrangement of varying arrange
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         droplete of varying size as a result of varying the fluid stream and of the fluid stream and of an arrangement instabilities of the fluid stream arrangement into which the jet emorror arrangement into a property arrangement in the property arrangem
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           natural instabilities of the fluid stream and of the fauld stream and of the fluid stream and of the so-called the so-called the jet emerges, however, it is atmosphere into which the jet emerges, however, it is atmosphere into of a limit jet.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Rayleigh disruption of a liquid jet. However, it is in the size be produced in that droplets of uniform size be produced in desirable make microcanemies of uniform size of a size be produced in the desirable make microcanemies of uniform size of a size be produced in the size be produced.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   However, it is
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    desirable that microcapsules of uniform size be produced it is not uniform size be produced it is not uniform size. The profession of uniform size are not uniform size be produced it is not uniform.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   order to make microcapsules of uniform size. It is preferred with the preferred in accordance with the of uniform of that, in accordance droplets of uniform that, for that reason this invention, that droplets of uniform for the reason this invention.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              atmosphere into which the jet emerges atmosphere into which the liquid jet.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      for that reason this invention, sonically disturbing embodiment of this invention, ending are produced by neriodically sonically disturbing that reason that invention.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      embodiment of this invention, that droplets of uniform that droplets of uniform that droplets of uniform droplets of uniform that droplets of unif
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        size are produced by periodically sonically disturbing initiate a train of sufficiently initiate a train of the arise of the liquid stream (enum) waves along the liquid stream (enum)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           the liquid stream to initiate a train of sufficiently the axis of the strong compression and waves moves through the strong of the strong of the strong of the strong of the train of sound waves moves through the strong of the train of sound waves moves through the strong of the train of sound waves moves through the strong of the train of sound waves moves through the strong of the strong of the train of sound waves moves through the strong of th
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                liquid medium and away from the orifice far more at a liquid itself.

Tapidly than to 5 meters per second.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Jet. The train or sound waves moves through the far more in away from the orifice far moves. I iquid medium and limited irealf
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                rapidly than the liquid itself. (The jet emerges at a propagation of a to 5 meters per second.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         35
```

- 37 -

the wave train along the length of the jet establishes an interference pattern of increasing constructive amplitude at successive nodes along the path of the jet. At some distance from the orifice, the amplitude of the surface wave becomes greater than the surface tension of the liquid, and droplets of polymer solution form at the sonicator frequency. The generation of a train of droplets of uniform size in this manner is reported in some detail by P.J. Galley and G.M. Hieftje, Applied Spectroscopy 45:1460-1463 (1992).

5

10

15

20

25

.30

To illustrate the foregoing method and apparatus, reference is made to the accompanying Figure 1, in which is shown "h" shaped tubular member 10, including a side-leg entry segment 14 and a vertical intersecting segment 12, through which the amine solution 16 is pumped downwardly at the upper end of tube segment 14 so that it enters upright segment 12 and is diverted at the intersection of segment 14 and segment 12 into a downwardly flowing portion from which it exits at the bottom end of tubular segment 12. Above the intersection of segments of 14 and 12, the polymer solution 22 is introduced through a capillary member 18, the bottom end of which is spaced a predetermined distance (about 3 centimeters in the exemplary description above) above the intersection of segments of 14 and 12, at which the flow of the amine solution is diverted downwardly, so that drop-wise disposed portions of polymer solution 22 are combined with the downwardly flowing amine solution at that point.

As described above, to enhance the uniformity of the drop-wise downwardly flowing portions 22 of polymer solution, capillary tube 18 is rigidly held in a metal block 24, with a V-groove holding slot (not shown in the figure) and acoustically stimulated intermittently. For that

10

15

20

25

30

35

- 38 -

purpose, an acoustic probe 20 is in contact with capillary tube 18 near the lower end thereof.

One may estimate the numbers of individual droplets produced per unit time from the frequency of the sonicator. In most instances, a sonicator with a frequency of 20 kHz was employed. The estimate of the number of droplets formed may be slightly in error due to instances in which successive droplets may impinge on one another and coalesce or adhere to one another to form aggregated microcapsules. In practice, far less than 1% of the droplets occur as fused or coalesced forms. Assuming all droplets are formed separately, one may calculate the size of individual droplets from a knowledge of polymer flow rate. At a nominal anionic polymer flow rate of 1 milliliter per minute, the volume of individual droplets is 0.05 microliters (cubic millimeters), corresponding to a spherical droplet diameter of 4.57 microns. diameter of microcapsules formed at flow rates near 1 milliliter per minute and acoustic frequencies of 20 kHz is approximately 5 microns as estimated from volume diameter sizing (Coulter principle).

Alternatively, droplets of the polymer solution of essentially any size may be introduced into the cationic reactant solution (e.g., by spraying, or by dropwise dispensing from a pipette) to form microcapsules. In many applications it is desirable that the microcapsules formed be of highly uniform size and thus some means of inducing this uniformity, such as the acoustic method described above, is preferred. Such applications include delivery to the lymphatic tissues of the intestine, often referred to as Peyer's patches. The M cells of Peyer's patches preferentially reject particles larger than about 10 microns but engulf particles in the size range below about 10 microns and transfer them to other lymphatic cells.

- 39 -

In general, the microcapsules of the present invention may range in size from 0.1 to 2,000 microns. A preferred size range, useful for general oral administration, is from 500 to 1,000 microns. In some embodiments, the range is from 100 to 200 microns. In other embodiments, such as in the administration of substances intended for delivery to Peyer's patches in the lymphatic tissue of the intestine, a particularly preferred size range is from 1 to 10 microns.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Depending in part on the degree to which manufacturing fluid is removed and in part on the nature of the core solute, the aqueous core microcapsules may be collected as a free-flowing suspension, a viscid flowable concentrate, a paste, a friable flake or, with further treatment, as a lyocake. Lyophilization is particularly desired to provide stable microcapsules with highly water soluble core materials.

Once encapsulated, core materials, such as rotavirus, are protected from the environment, but may be slowly released from the microcapsules by suspending the capsules in an aqueous medium into which the core materials can actively diffuse through the semi-permeable microcapsule walls. In general, if the nature of the wall-forming reactants is maintained constant, highly water-soluble core materials are observed to be released more rapidly than are poorly water-soluble core materials and, in general, substances of low molecular weight are released more rapidly than are those of higher molecular weight. In some embodiments, conversion of the microcapsules to lyocakes and resuspension in aqueous media is preferred.

Vaccines according to the invention comprise
at least one microencapsulated immunogenic
composition, e.g., rotavirus, and a pharmaceutically
acceptable carrier or diluent. Optionally, the

vaccine may comprise additional components including microencapsulated and non-microencapsulated immunogenic compositions and/or adjuvants.

Vaccines of the present invention may be 5 formulated following accepted convention using buffers, stabilizers, preservative, solubilizers and compositions used to facilitate sustained release. Generally, additives for isotonicity can include sodium chloride, dextrose, mannitol, sorbitol and 10 lactose. Stabilizers include gelatin and albumin. Adjuvants may be employed. Examples of adjuvants include RIBI (Ribi Inc.), Alum, Freund's Complete, Freund's Incomplete, Block co polymer (CytRx, Atlanta GA), QS-21 (Cambridge Biotech Inc., Cambridge MA) and 15 SAF-M (Chiron, Emeryville CA). Vaccines may be maintained in solution or, in some cases, particularly recombinant vaccines, lyophilized. Lyophilized vaccine may be stored conveniently and combined with sterile solution before administration.

20 The amount of microencapsulated immunogenic composition administered depends upon such factors as the nature of the immunogenic composition, the species, age, weight, and general physical characteristics of the animal being vaccinated, and by 25 the composition of the vaccine. Determination of optimum dosage for each parameter may be made by routine methods. Generally, according to some embodiments of the present invention, vaccines contain between 0.05-5000 micrograms of immunogenic composition per milliliter of sterile solution, 30 preferably 10-1000 micrograms. About .5-2 milliliter of protein-containing solution is administered. amount of infectious agent administered depends upon such factors as the level of infectivity desired, the 35 species, age, weight, and general physical characteristics of the animal being vaccinated, and by the composition of the vaccine. Determination of

- 41 -

optimum dosage for each parameter may be made by routine methods.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Vaccines according to the invention may be administered by an appropriate route such as, for example, by oral, intranasal, intramuscular, intraperitoneal or subcutaneous administration. In some embodiments, oral administration is preferred. Subsequent to initial vaccination, mammals may be boosted by revaccination.

The utility of the microcapsules of the invention for delivery of various active agents is demonstrated in the following examples.

Example 1

Placebo Microcapsules

Step 1: For convenience, anionic polymers were initially prepared as 1% w/v solutions in water and adjusted if necessary to pH values of 7.0 +/- 0.1 with dilute sodium hydroxide or sodium bicarbonate. Poorly water soluble anionic polymers such as acrylic acid and cellulose acetate phthalate were brought into solution as their sodium salts. Fresh polymer solutions were allowed to hydrate overnight before use, were stored at refrigerator temperature, and were allowed to equilibrate to room temperature before testing or use.

Step 2: Amine solutions were prepared as 1% w/v solutions in water and adjusted to pH 7.0 +/- 0.1 with the aid of dilute hydrochloric acid (or, in the case of some long chain aliphatic primary amines, acetic acid). Poorly soluble amines such as octadecylamine were warmed if necessary and brought into solution as their salts.

Step 3: The ability of amine and polymer combinations to form insoluble precipitates and useful microcapsules was assessed by adding approximately 50 microliter droplets of anionic polymer solution to

- 42 -

approximately 5 milliliter volumes of amine solution in small test tubes. If the added anionic polymer solutions did not yield insoluble precipitates, the reactant pair was considered unlikely to merit further consideration. Combinations of reactants which did yield insoluble precipitates were carried into step 4 below.

5

10

15

20

25

. 30

35

Step 4: For each reactant pair selected for further study in step 3 above, a 5 milliliter volume of anionic polymer solution was diluted with an equal volume of water and nebulized onto 25 milliliters of magnetically stirred amine solution contained in a 10 cm petri dish (without cover) from a height of 10 cm. Nebulization was accomplished by pumping the anionic polymer solution at a rate of 1 milliliter per minute through an 18 gauge hypodermic needle and passing from a 12 gauge hypodermic needle a current of air at 4 liters per minute past the tip of the polymer delivery needle.

To provide a reproducible narrow cone of dispersal of the polymer solution, the tip of the 18 gauge needle was filed to a 75 degree angle and that of the 12 gauge needle to 90 degrees. The 18 gauge needle was mounted horizontally with the oval opening oriented upward toward the 12 gauge needle, which was positioned vertically. The tip of the air stream (12 gauge) needle was fixed in position 2 millimeters above the tip of the polymer delivery needle by spot welding the barrels of the needles to stainless steel cross braces so that the air stream blew across the polymer stream as it emerged from the modified 18 gauge needle. A series of trial experiments were required to optimize the nebulizer (e.g., the angle of the polymer delivery needle tip). For these trials, aqueous dye solution was used instead of water to dilute the polymer solution, and the colored polymer was sprayed onto 12 centimeter circles of filter

- 43 -

paper.

5

10

15

25

30

35

The utility of an amine polymer combination in forming microcapsules was assessed by examining the reaction mixture during and after nebulizing to determine whether the mixture consisted of disperse particles capable of displaying a Tyndal effect, adhered to the glass surface of the petri dish, and/or appeared as roughly spheroidal particles when microscopically viewed at 100x magnification. The results are summarized in Table 2. Those reactant combinations which gave discernable spheroidal particles were further evaluated for stability and utility as encapsulants for a variety of active core materials as described herein.

Alternatively, to examining reactant pairs with the air-driven nebulizing device for their ability to form microcapsules, a limited number of amine polymer combinations were evaluated using the acoustic device described above.

20 Example 2

A 10 mL volume of a 0.5% solution of sodium alginate in water was dispersed in the form of approximately 5 micron diameter droplets onto the gently stirred surface of 20 mL volume of a 0.05% solution of spermine (as the hydrochloride) over an approximately 10 minute interval. The mixture was centrifuged (2000 gravity minutes) and the supernatant was decanted from the resulting microcapsular pellet. When a small portion of the pellet was examined at 100 x magnification it was seen to consist of numerous tiny spheroidal particles.

Example 3

In order to examine the stability of the placebo microcapsules such as those described in Examples 1 and 2, stored in water for several days,

- 44 -

toward artificial gastric fluid, and toward high electrolyte concentration, a suspension of spermine alginate microcapsules, prepared as described in Example 2, was resuspended in 20 milliliters of water and divided into four equal portions.

One portion was reserved as a control.

A second aliquot of a few microliters of the fresh suspension was withdrawn, and the remainder set aside stoppered at room temperature. On each of the following 4 days, the remainder of this portion was resuspended by vortexing and a few microliters were withdrawn. The microliter samples were promptly mounted on a microscope slide, examined, and photographed at 100x magnification. The developed micrographs were compared to see if the individual particles changed in appearance or aggregated on standing.

A third aliquot was mixed with an equal volume of artificial gastric fluid and examined immediately and again after 2 hours incubation at 37 degrees centigrade to determine whether the microcapsules would lyse when exposed to an acidic environment like that of the stomach.

A 180 mg portion of solid sodium chloride was added to fourth aliquot and the mixture was vortexed until the sodium chloride dissolved. The portion to which sodium chloride had been added was examined visually and at 100 x magnification to determine whether the added salt influenced the stability of the microcapsules.

Results:

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Examination of the portion stored for 5 days did not show any appreciable change when examined visually or when the photomicrographs were compared. The portion treated with acid did not dissolve either immediately or on incubation for 2 hours, but the portion treated with approximately 4 x normal osmolar

20

25

30

35

sodium chloride clarified before all the salt had dissolved. No microcapsules were seen when the salt treated portion was examined microscopically. Spermine alginate microcapsules were judged to be unstable to concentrations of electrolyte several times higher than the normal osmolarity of human tissues.

Example 4

of stoichiometry of various combinations of amine and anionic polymer in terms of the yield of microcapsules formed. To this end a series of samples of microcapsules generated with the acoustic device described in herein with reference to Fig. 1 were prepared by reaction of serial dilutions of anionic polymer with a constant amine concentration, as follows.

Step 1: A solution of 1% w/v sodium alginate in water was prepared and, after hydrating for at least 24 hours, was filtered through an 8 micron filter.

Step 2: A 260 milliliter volume of 0.05% w/v spermine (as the hydrochloride) was prepared.

Step 3: A 10 milliliter volume of sodium alginate solution was diluted with an equal volume of water and, after mixing, 10 milliliters of the dilution were used with 42 milliliter volumes of spermine solution to prepare microcapsules with the acoustic device described above. The remaining sodium alginate dilution was reserved for use in step 4.

Step 4: The sodium alginate dilution from step 3 was diluted with another 10 milliliters of water and, after mixing, 10 milliliters of the new dilution was used with 42 milliliters of spermine solution to prepare microcapsules with the acoustic device described above. The remaining sodium

- 46 -

alginate solution was reserved for use in step 5.

Step 5: The process described in step 4 above was successively repeated to generate a series of spermine alginate microcapsules from solutions of successively lower concentrations of sodium alginate.

Step 6: The successive batches of spermine alginate microcapsules prepared in steps 4 and 5 were vortexed to mix them thoroughly, and the apparent absorbance of each suspension was immediately measured at 550 nanometers, a spectral region in which it had previously been determined the reactants themselves had no measurable absorbance. Aliquots of a few microliters of each suspension were mounted on microscope slides and photographed at 100 x magnification. The remaining samples were stoppered, stored at room temperature, and re-examined and photographed after 50 hours.

Results:

5

10

15

25

alginate % w/v	millimoles		reactant*	apparent 550 nm
concentration	alginate=	spermine	ratio	absorbance
0.50	0.028	0.056	1:2	0.14
0.25	0.014	0.056	1:4	0.19
0.125	0.007	0.056	1:8	0.26
0.063	0.0035	0.056	1:16	0.31
0.032	0.0018	0.056	1:32	0.20
0.016	0.009	0.056	1:64	0.06

* alginate millimoles calculated in terms of alginate repeating unit

The absorbance measurements indicate the greatest density of spermine alginate microcapsules results from use of the reactants in the concentration ratio of one mole of alginate repeating unit to 16 moles of spermine.

Example 5

It is well known that the ratio of reactants in the reaction mixture does not necessarily duplicate

10

15

20

25

the ratio of reactants combined in the product of a chemical reaction. In some instances an excess of one reactant is required or desired to force the reaction toward improved yields of desired product. In this example, preferred stoichrometrio ratios of reactants were determined as follows.

A batch of spermine alginate microcapsules was prepared using the concentration of reactants which provided the highest density of microcapsule yield as described in Example 4, Step 6, above, and the product was repeatedly collected by centrifugation and resuspension in fresh water. The washed sample was air dried and submitted for combustion analysis by an external firm specializing in such work. The firm was directed to dry the samples to constant weight at temperatures below 50 degrees centigrade (to avoid forming anhydro derivatives of the carbohydrate derived polymer).

The combustion analysis showed the product to contain the equivalent of approximately 25 % spermine (or about 1 spermine molecule for each 4 alginate repeating units). Thus, the reaction to form microcapsules is optimized at a high amine to anion reactant ratio, but not all the available amine can possibly react to form the amine polymer salt. It would appear that each of the amino groups in this polyfunctional amine reacts with one acidic alginate repeating unit.

Example 6

A desired property of microcapsules prepared as described herein is that the microcapsules remain as stable, individual, particles and display little or no tendency to aggregate with time. To assess this quality, a series of microcapsule formulations of differing stoichiometries was examined at successive intervals after preparation.

- 48 -

The formulations prepared in Example 4 above were stored in teflon lined screw cap tubes in the temperature range between 21 and 25 degrees

Centigrade. At approximately 2 month intervals over a period of 6 months, the samples were vortexed 3 times for approximately 30 seconds, and aliquots of a few microliters were examined at 100 x magnification.

Formulations prepared from 0.50% and 0.25% alginate were extensively clumped at the end of the first 2 month interval and all later times. The sample made with 0.125% alginate was monodisperse at 2 months but slightly clumped at 4 and 6 months (aggregates of 10 to 20 particles each). The formulations prepared at the lowest concentrations tested, 0.06% and 0.03%, remained monodisperse after 6 months.

Example 7

In order to determine some estimate of the range of core materials which might be effectively utilized in the entirely aqueous encapsulation system, a series of encapsulations were performed using two water soluble drugs, two water soluble adjuvant materials, two water insoluble solids, two types of virus and spermine alginate, spermine chondroitin sulfate, ethylenediamine cellulose sulfate, or octadecylamine carboxymethylcellulose as the wall forming materials.

Example 7a

5

10

15

20

25

Step 1: A 15 mg sample of tetracycline base

(Sigma Chemical Co.) was dissolved in 10 milliliters of aqueous 0.06% sodium aliginate solution and, using the acoustic device described above, this solution was combined with 20 milliliters of a 0.05% aqueous solution of spermine hydrochloride to form

microcapsules containing tetracycline.

- 49 -

Step 2: The microcapsule suspension was centrifuged (5,000 gravity minutes) and, after decanting the supernatant, the pelleted microcapsules were washed 5 times by resuspension in enough water to make 5 milliliters, repelleting (by centrifuging), and decanting, in each instance retaining the decanted The final pellet was resuspended in enough water to make 10 milliliters and 500 milligrams of solid sodium chloride was added to it. The mixture was vortexed briefly to aid dissolution of the microcapsules and added salt. Approximately 1 microliter volumes of hydrochloric acid were added to the dissolved microcapsules and to each of the retained decanted liquids, and the absorbance of each solution was measured at 268 nanometers.

The supernatant liquids obtained after 3 washed showed no significant absorbance characteristic of tetracycline, but the absorbance of the solution of dissolved microcapsules at 268 nanometers indicated that more than half the initial amount of tetracycline was retained in the microcapsules during the repeated washings.

Example 7b

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Step 1: Fluorouracil (Sigma Chemical Co.) was substituted for tetracycline base and encapsulated as described in Step 1 of Example 7a above.

Step 2: The microcapsule suspension obtained in Step 1 above was treated as described in Step 2 of Example 7a above, except that absorbance measurements were made at 265 nanometers.

The supernatant liquids obtained after 3 washes showed no significant fluorouracil absorbance, but the absorbance at 265 nanometers of the solution of dissolved microcapsules indicated that more than half the initial amount of fluorouracil was retained in the microcapsules during the repeated washings.

- 50 -

Example 7c

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Step 1: A 100 mg sample of blue dextran (Sigma Chemical Co.) (average molecular weight 2,000,000) was substituted for tetracycline base and encapsulated as described in Step 1 of Example 7a above.

Step 2: The microcapsule suspension obtained in Step 1 above was treated as described in Step 2 of Example 7a above, except that absorbance measurements were made at 620 nanometers.

The supernatant liquids obtained after 3 washes showed no significant absorbance characteristic of blue dextran, but the absorbance at 620 nanometers after dissolving the microcapsules indicated that more than half the initial amount of blue dextran was retained in the microcapsules during the repeated washings.

Example 7d

Step 1: A 100 milligram sample of bromphenol blue (Fisher Scientific Co.) was dissolved in 25 milliliters of a 0.1% solution of sodium carboxymethylcellulose (medium viscosity, Ruger Chemical Co.) and the resulting solution was slowly pumped (approximately 1 milliliter per minute) through a capillary drawn to a fine tip (0.1 millimeter o.d.). The emerging droplets were allowed to fall a distance of about 1 centimeter into a slowly stirred 0.1% aqueous solution of octadecylamine (Aldrich Chemical Co.) solubilized as the acetate at pH 7.0.

Step 2: The resulting approximately 1.5 millimeter diameter microcapsules were stirred for an additional hour and separated with the aid of fine netting. The microcapsules were washed with two 100 milliliter volumes of water. About half the microcapsules were stored wet and refrigerated until used. The other half of the microcapsules were

10

15

20

lyophilized and stored dry until used.

Step 3: A few dozen of the lyophilized microcapsules were rehydrated in a few milliliters of water for an hour and were used in parallel with the wet stored microcapsules to test their sensitivity to pH. Dilutions of hydrochloric acid were made to provide solutions with pH values of 2, 3, and 4. To these hydrochloric acid solutions, a few rehydrated and a few wet stored microcapsules were added one at a time. The microcapsules were observed in order to determine whether they responded to the surrounding media by changing color in a manner consistent with the expected change of encapsulated bromphenol blue indicator from blue at pH 4 to yellow at pH 3.

The initially wrinkled lyophilized microcapsules assumed a spheroidal shape over an interval of about 20 minutes when added to water. Both the rehydrated and wet stored microcapsules remained blue when added to pH 4 medium but changed to yellow within a few minutes of being added to the pH 3 solution. The encapsulated bromphenol blue served as an indicator of the pH value of the interior of the microcapsule and did not diffuse out of it.

Example 7e

Step 1: A 200 mg sample of finely ground charcoal was suspended in 25 milliliters of a 0.1% solution of sodium carboxymethylcellulose and encapsulated as described in Step 1 of Example 7d above.

30 Step 2: The resulting approximately 1.5 millimeter diameter microcapsules were stirred for an additional hour and separated with the aid of fine netting. The microcapsules were washed with two 100 milliliter volumes of water and stored wet at room temperature for 2 months. The charcoal-containing microcapsules were examined every 2 weeks to determine

10

15

20

25

30

35

whether the microcapsules remained intact or lost any of the encapsulated solid.

The charcoal-containing microcapsules remained intact over the period of observation and there was no evidence of escape of the solid core material from the microcapsules during this period.

Example 7f

Step 1: A 10 milligram sample of crystal toxin isolated from a strain of Bacillus thuringiensis subsp. israelensis (Ecogen, Inc.) was suspended in 25 milliliters of a 1% solution of sodium cellulose sulfate (Aldrich Chemical Co.) and delivered dropwise as described in Step 1 of Example 7e above to 50 milliliters of a 1% aqueous solution of ethylenediamine solubilized as the hydrochloride at pH 7.

Step 2: The resulting microcapsules containing crystal toxin were stirred for an additional hour and separated with the aid of fine netting. The microcapsules were washed with two 100 milliliter volumes of water, drained dry, and lyophilized. Residual ethylenediamine solution and both wash fluids were retained.

Step 3: 50 of the lyophilized microcapsules were rehydrated in a few milliliters of water for an hour, and the rehydration fluid was drained away and retained.

Step 4: The rehydrated microcapsules were lysed, and the crystal toxin dissolved by adding 10 milliliters of 1 Molar trisodium phosphate to them and diluting the mixture to 100 milliliters.

Step 5: The protein contents of the residual reaction fluid, both washes, the rehydration fluid, and the dissolved microcapsules were determined by measuring the absorbance of the protein-copper (I) complex with 4,4'-dicarboxy-2,2'-biquinoline at 562

10

15

20

25

30

nanometers.

Well over 90% of the initial amount of crystal toxin protein was retained in the microcapsules, with only a small portion lost during the microcapsule forming reaction.

Example 7g

In order to demonstrate the utility of this invention for encapsulation of virus, three types of experiments were carried out with several sets of reagents, often with different lots of virus, but the intent and methodology of each trial within a type experiment were the same. These three type experiments were: 1) Preparation of placebo and virus-containing microcapsules, 2) Release of virus from microcapsules, and 3) Titration of placebo and virus microbeads.

Two types of virus were encapsulated: rotavirus strain WC-3 with a titre of 5.4. x 10^6 pfu/mL (plaque-forming units per milliliter) and a vaccinia virus strain VVUKvp7 with a titre 8.5×10^6 pfu/mL

Step 1: A 5 mL sample of a 1.% w/v neutral aqueous solution of anionic polymer (e.g sodium alginate) is diluted with 5 mL of water and mixed by vortexing. The diluted sample is transferred to a nebulizer, and microcapsules are prepared as described in Step 4 of Example 1 above by nebulizing the dilution onto a approximately 40 square centimeter surface of a magnetically stirred 25 mL volume of neutral 0.2 mM aqueous solution of amine hydrochloride (e.g. spermine hydrochloride).

Step 2: The nebulizer is rinsed with 1 mL of water, and the rinsing is similarly nebulized onto amine solution as in Step 1 above.

35 Step 3: The resulting microcapsule suspension is transferred to a calibrated centrifuge

PCT/US95/04711

- 54 -

tube, the microcapsules are separated by centrifugation, and the total liquid and settled microcapsule volumes are measured.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

Step 4: The microcapsules are stored refrigerated until ready for use, then redispersed by vortexing.

Step 5: Steps 1 through 4 above are repeated, substituting the 5 mL of viral suspension (e.g. rotavirus WC-3) for 5 mL of water in step 1 above.

Step 6a: The microcapsules are washed by pelleting at 1500 gxm (gravity x minutes), decanting, and resuspending in a volume of distilled water equal to one-fifth (1/5) the original volume. For placebo capsules only, a charge of virus suspension estimated to approximate the encapsulated virus is added to the resuspended capsules as detailed in Step 13. rapidly disrupt placebo or virus microcapsules prepared from long chain alkylamines (e.g. octadecylamine as acetate), equal volumes of microcapsule suspension are mixed with aqueous 300 mOsmol (milliOsmoles) pH 7.0 phosphate buffer or fresh aqueous 0.5 M sodium bicarbonate and overlayed with an equal volume of cyclohexane. The mixture is vortexed briefly every minute for 5 minutes. Then the cyclohexane layer is aspirated. The virus, if any,

Step 6b: To rapidly disrupt placebo or virus microcapsules prepared from polyfunctional amines (e.g., spermine as hydrochloride), equal volumes of 1200 mOsmol sodium chloride and microcapsule suspension are mixed, or enough solid sodium chloride is added to the microcapsule suspension to make the resulting solution contain 4% sodium chloride.

will be in aqueous phase.

Step 7: Monolayer cultures of green monkey kidney are prepared in multi-well (2.5 cm) tissue culture plates starting 72 hours before disrupting the microcapsules.

Step 8: Six serial 10-fold dilutions of stock viral suspension, which contains approximately 10⁷ plaque forming units per mL (pfu/mL), and, separately, of the supernatants from the microcapsule washes and the disrupted microcapsule suspension (of Step 6a) are prepared in AVN medium.

AVN medium is a mixture containing:

1. Commercially available Stoker's medium, which contains:

which contains:

sodium chloride,
potassium chloride,
sodium dihydrogen phosphate,
dextrose,

15

5

dextrose,
ferric nitrate,
calcium chloride,
magnesium sulfate,
vitamins,
amino acids,
sodium bicarbonate,

20

30

35

sodium bicarbonate,
phenol red indicator,
all dissolved in distilled water,

- tryptose phosphate broth,
- 3. glutamine, and

4. a mixture of penicillin and streptomycin.

Step 9: The cells are washed twice with saline, discarding the washings.

Step 10: Successive adjacent wells are inoculated with 200 uL aliquots of successive viral dilutions and incubated for 30 minutes at 37 degrees.

Step 11: The cells are overlaid with 2.5 mL/well of a 1:1 mixture of minimal salts and agarose/trypsin. The overlaid cells are incubated for 72 hours at 37°C.

Step 12: The cells are stained with 1.5mL/well of a 1:1 mixture of agarose and 2x Earl's

balanced solution containing neutral red. The cells are incubated at 37°C for 24 hours and plaques, if any, per well are counted. The cells are incubated for an additional 24 hours at 37°C and new plaques, if any, per well are counted and the number of pfu in the original viral suspension is calculated.

5

10

15

20

25

30

Step 13: For placebo microcapsule titration, step 7 above is repeated. Then a known volume of stock viral suspension adequate to provide a viral concentration of about 10⁵ pfu/mL is added to a approximately 25 mL volume of placebo microcapsule suspension, and the suspension is mixed by vortexing.

Step 14: The suspension is centrifuged and the aqueous phase aspirated as completely as practicable. Both the microcapsules and aspirate are saved.

Step 15: The microcapsules are resuspended in 10 volumes of water, again centrifuged and the aqueous phase is aspirated. Both the microcapsules and aspirate are saved.

Step 16: Step 15 is repeated.

Step 17: The microcapsule sample is divided into 2 equal portions and disrupted as described in Step 6a or 6b above.

Step 18: Steps 7 and 9 through 12 above are repeated, substituting in step 12 the successive aspirates, the remaining microcapsule suspension and the disrupted microcapsule preparation for the serial dilutions of viral suspension.

Step 19: To titrate microcapsules containing virus, steps 13 through 19 are repeated, substituting the viral microcapsule suspension for the placebo microcapsule suspension.

The foregoing sequence of steps for control,
viral microcapsule and placebo (reagent blank)
microcapsule titrations may be summarized as follows.
In virology, a titration is a count of viral plaques

in a cell culture.

		step number			
	Description of Step	control	placebo	viral	
		<u>culture</u>	u-caps	u-caps	
- 5	Prepare Microcapsules				
	mix polymer, make				
	microcapsules	<u>-</u>	1	5	
	rinse system	-	2	2	
	centrifuge	_	3 .	3	
10	store microcapsules	-	4	4	
	disrupt microcapsules	-	6	6	
	Count viral plaques in cell	cultures			
	grow monkey cell cultures	7	7	7	
	make dilutions of stock viru	ເຮ			
1 5	culture	8	_	-	
	wash monkey cell cultures	9		-	
	add stock virus culture to				
	monkey cells	10		- ,	
	wash and incubate cells	11	-		
20	count viral plaques in cell				
	cultures	12	-	-	
	Use placebo microcapsules as	reagent b	<u>lank</u>		
	add dilutions of stock virus	to			
	placebo	_	13	_	
25	centrifuge, separate phases	_	14	_	
	wash microcapsules by resusp	ending,		•	
	centrifuging	•	15	-	
	again wash microcapsules	• ,	16		
	disrupt placebo microcapsule	S	¥		
30	as in step 6	- -	17		

step 18 encompasses the following procedures

wash monkey cell cultures

				,
	add disrupted microcapsules,			
•	washes to monkey cells	-	10	-
	wash and incubate cells	-	11	- :
	count viral plaques in cell			
5	cultures	-	12	-
	Estimate virus content of vi	ral micr	ocapsules	
	centrifuge, separate phases	- :	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14
	wash microcapsules by resusp	ending,		
	centrifuging	· ·	-	15
10	again wash microcapsules	- -		16
	disrupt viral microcapsules			
	as in step 6	- -	<u>.</u> -	17
	step 18 encompasses the	followin	ng procedure	es
	wash monkey cell cultures	: -	- -	9
15	add disrupted microcapsules,			
	washes to monkey cells		· -	10
	wash and incubate cells	-	• -	11
	count viral plaques in			
	cell cultures		_ `.	12
20	The results of placebo	(spermine	alginate	
	microcapsules), virus (WC-3 e	encapsula	ated in sper	mine
	alginate microcapsules) and o	control	(unencapsula	ted WC-
	3) titrations are summarized	in the f	ollowing ta	ble:
•				
	Titration Date	ta as pfu/i	nL	
25	Date and			
	Type initial supermatan	t (washos)	miaraana	

	Microbead	suspension	1	2	3	intact	disrupted
	92 12 03						
	spermine al	ginate					
30	control	5,400,000					
	virus	150,000	10,000	680	650	220	140,000
	placebo	N.A.	30,000	8,700	660	450	180

Preliminary tests using control, viral microcapsules and placebo microcapsules showed that infectivity and immunogenicity of the virus was retained after encapsulation and that a substantial fraction of the viral charge was retained in the microcapsules after repeated washings. The efficiency of capture of vaccinia virus exceeded that of rotavirus. Both retained infectivity.

10

15

20

25

30

35

5

Example 8

Mice: 8-12 week-old C57BL/6 (H-2^b haplotype) mice and CD2 (Fl) suckling mice (purchased from Taconic Breeding Laboratories (Germantown, NY) were housed in separate isolation units. Sera from adults and dams were tested for the presence of rotavirus-specific antibodies by ELISA, and only seronegative animals were used in these experiments.

Cells: Fetal green monkey-kidney cells (MA-104) were grown as described in Offit, P.A., et al. 1983 Infect. Immun. 42:293-300.

Virus: Bovine rotavirus strain WC3 was isolated in our laboratory as described in Clark, HF., et al. 1986 Am. J. Dis. Child. 140:350-356. Simian strain RRV (MMU 18006) was obtained from Nathalie Schmidt (Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory, Berkeley, CA). Plaque-purified stocks of rotavirus for use in these studies were prepared in MA-104 cells. Rotaviruses were grown, purified, quantitated by spectrophotometry and titered for infectivity by plaque assay as described in Offit, P.A., et al. 1983 Infect. Immun. 42:293-300 and Offit, P.A., et al. 1983 J. Virol. Methods 7:29-40.

Selection of anionic polymers and amines to form microcapsules: The anionic polymers tested as their sodium salts were alginic acid (Fisher Scientific Co., Fairlawn, N.J.), polyacrylic acid and cellulose

10

15

20

25

30 -

35

sulfate (Aldrich Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO.), cellulose acetate phthalate (Eastman Organic Chemicals, Rochester, N.Y.), Carbomer USP (Carbopol 934®, B.F. Goodrich, Cleveland, OH.), carboxymethylcellulose USP (medium viscosity, Ruger Chemical Co. Inc., Irvington, N.J.)), Heparin USP (The Upjohn Co., Kalamazoo, MI), and arabic acid isolated according to the method of U.S. Patent Number 2,666,759. The anionic polymers which constitute the principal structural component of the microcapsular walls were chosen to provide a range of spacing between nearest neighboring carboxylate groups. Thus, in the extended theta forms of polymers the interanionic distances approximated the equivalent of two methylene groups in polyacrylic acid, six in alginic acid and cellulose sulfate, ten in carboxymethyl cellulose and twenty to thirty in highly branched arabic acid.

With the exception of octadecylamine used as the acetate (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO.), the following amines were tested as their hydrochloride salts: arginine, dodecylamine, and piperazine (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO.), ethylenediamine, triethylamine and triethylenetetraamine (Aldrich Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO.), and methylene blue (Fisher Scientific Co., Fairlawn, N.J.) The bases were chosen to provide from one to four reactive primary, secondary or tertiary amino groups per molecule and thus, in the instances of polyfunctional amines, to allow formation of multiple salt bridges between and within acidic polymer chains.

Effect of various anionic polymers and amines on rotavirus infectivity: A cell culture stock of bovine rotavirus strain WC3 (5.0 x 10⁸ pfu/ml) was diluted 1:50 in either 0.9% NaCl, the aqueous 0.05N sodium salt of an anionic polymer, or the aqueous 0.05M salt of the amine (adjusted to pH 7.0). Mixtures were titrated for their effect on rotavirus infectivity by

35

plaque assay.

Capacity of water-soluble polymers and amines to form microcapsules and resist breakdown in simulated gastric acid: Polymers and amines which did not 5 inactivate rotavirus were tested in combination to determine their capacity to form microcapsules that resisted breakdown in simulated gastric acid. water-soluble anionic polymers were tested in combination with 7 aqueous amines (42 possible 10 combinations). Initially, 1 ml of the aqueous sodium salt of anionic polymer was added dropwise to 1 ml of aqueous amine hydrochloride (or acetate) to determine the capacity to form an interfacial precipitate. Combinations which generated solid material were then 15 used to make microcapsules. Microcapsules were formed by dispersion of the sodium salt of anionic polymer as droplets approximately 5 µm in size into an aqueous solution of the amine salt in a manner analogous to that previously described for preparing calcium alginate 20 microcapsules (U.S. Patent Number 4,744,933). term stability of microcapsules was tested by observation at room temperature for 5 days in aqueous solution. Microcapsules stable at room temperature were treated with simulated gastric acid (pH 1.2) at 37°C for 25 2 hours.

Combinations of acidic polymers and amines which provided stable mono- or oligo-dispersed microcapsules were optimized by varying the ratio of chemical equivalents of amine to equivalents of acidic repeat units of the polymer in the range from 32:1 through 1:32. Reactant ratios which provided maximal settled volumes of microcapsules were selected.

Size of microcapsules was determined by comparison with latex beads of known size (Duke Scientific Corp., Palo Alto, CA.) by light microscopy.

Capacity of sodium alginate-spermine hydrochloride microcapsules to capture infectious virus:

30

35

A 5 ml aliquot of a clarified cell culture stock (6 x 10⁶ pfu/ml) of WC3 was added to 5 ml of 0.68 mM sodium alginate and dispersed as droplets nominally 5 μm in size into 20 ml of 0.55 mM spermine hydrochloride. 5 Putative rotavirus-containing microcapsules were centrifuged at 600 xg, washed several times with distilled water and disrupted with 8.0 M sodium phosphate (pH 7.0). Supernatant fluids from washes and fluids obtained after disruption (of putative, rotavirus-containing microcapsules) were tested for the 10 presence of infectious virus by plaque assay. To determine whether virus released in the above experiment was present on the surface or within the matrix of microcapsules, 3 x 107 pfu of cell culture-derived WC3 (in a volume of 1 ml) was added to preformed spermine-15 alginate microcapsules which did not contain virus (placebo beads). Virus was allowed to adsorb for 30 minutes at room temperature. Placebo beads to which virus had been added were washed and disrupted and 20 supernatant fluids were tested for the presence of infectious virus as described above.

Determination of core loading and core loading efficiency of microencapsulation process: The quantity of rotavirus antigen contained within microcapsules was determined by ELISA. Briefly, individual wells of 96well, flat-bottomed plates (Costar) were coated overnight with 100 μ l of a guinea pig anti-WC3 hyperimmune antisera diluted 1:1,000 in 1.5 mM Na₂CO₃ and 3.5 mM NaHCO3. Wells were washed five times with buffer containing 1.73 M NaCl, 0.03 M KH2PO4, 0.13 M Na2HPO4, and 0.025% Tween 20 in distilled H2O (washing buffer). 200 μ l of buffer containing 0.5% (v/v) gelatin and 0.05% Tween 20 in PBS (blocking buffer) were added to each well. Wells were washed three times with washing buffer and twice with distilled H_2O and 100 μ l of fluid from disrupted, rotavirus-containing microcapsule preparations were added to each well and incubated for 1

10

15

20

25

30

35

h at room temperature. Wells were washed five times with washing buffer and 100 µl of rabbit anti-WC3 hyperimmune antisera were added to each well and incubated for 1 h at room temperature. Wells were washed five times with washing buffer and 100 μ l of a 1:2,000 dilution (in 1% BSA) of phosphatase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (Organon Teknika, Durham, N.C.) were added to each well and incubated for 1 h at room temperature. Following five washes with washing buffer, 100 μl of 1 M diethanolamine plus 0.1% (wt/wt) pnitrophenyl phosphate were added to each well and plates were agitated for 1 h at 37°C at 140 rpm. 50 μl of disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid were added to each well and colorimetric changes were assayed at 450 nm on a Microplate reader 2000 (BioWhittaker, Walkersville, MD). Rotavirus antigen concentrations were determined by comparison with a standard curve generated using purified rotavirus of known concentration.

Inoculation of mice with rhodamine-labeled microcapsules and distribution of microcapsules within gut-associated lymphoid tissue (GALT): Rhodamine isothiocyanate (RITC, Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO.) at a concentration of 1 mg/ml in 50 mM sodium bicarbonate buffer (pH 9.5) was conjugated to sodium alginate (1% solution in distilled water) after mixture in equal volumes; the reaction was carried out in the dark for 2 h at room temperature. Sodium alginate-RITC was then dialyzed to extinction with distilled water, and used in the formation of spermine-alginate microcapsules. The RITC-labeled microcapsules were washed 5 times with distilled water prior to use.

Eight-week-old female C57BL/6 mice were orally inoculated with 20 mg of rhodamine-labeled microcapsules or 20 mg of rhodamine-labeled sodium alginate by proximal esophageal intubation. Two mice were sacrificed from each group 1,4,7,14,21, and 28 days

```
after inoculation and the Peyer's Patches were were inoculation and the Peyer's Patches were were and spleens were were spleens were were inoculation nodes (MIN), and spleens were ervthrocytes were after inoculation nodes (Solenic ervthrocytes were after inoculation and issuanted.
                                                                                                         after inoculation and the Peyer's Patches were
                                                                                                                                                and manually disrupted. (Splenic erythrocytes were 7.2).

(Splenic erythrocytes were 7.2).
                                                                                                                                                              lysed in AKC medium (0.16 M NH4Cl, 0.01 M KHCO3, pH 7.2).

Lysed in AKC medium (0.16 M NH4Cl, 0.01 M KHCO3, pH 7.2).

Cells from all tissues were centrifuged for 5 min at 600

Cells from all tissues in RPMT 1640 (GTRCO.
WO 95/28227
                                                                                                                                                                                           XGI Washed three times in RPMI 1640 (GIBCO) a column of through a column of through and passed through and roll from Gaithersburg, MD.) and passed through and roll from Gaithersburg, MD.)
                                                                                                                                                                             and manually disrupted.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      sterile nonabsorbent cotton. 1 x 10° cells from each

1 x 10° cells fro
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  tissue (in a volume of 100 1) was centrifuged onto a for a min for a min for a min for a microscope slide using the cytospin 72nn rum for a microscope slide using the cytospin rum for a microscope slide using the cytospin rum for a min for a min for a microscope slide using the cytospin rum for a min for 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                microecope slide using the Cytospin 2 (shandon Inc.

microecope slide using the Cytospin 2 rpm for 5 min.

at a speed of 1200 rpm framework.

pittsburgh, paried for 2/ h and the framework.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Pittsburgh, PA:) at a speed of 1200 rpm for 5 min. of the frequency of and the frequency was slides were air-dried for in each call nomination was slides were air-dried calls in each call nomination.
                                                                                                                                                                                                            sterile nonabsorbent cotton.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Slides were all dried for 24 h, and the frequency of a wavelenct was slides were all dried for an and the frequency at a wavelenct from the frequency at a wavelenct from the frequency of a second for a second for a second for a second frequency of the frequency
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         rnodamine-labeled cells in each cell population was
stated to the cell population was
rnodamine-labeled cells in each cell population was
rnodamine-labeled cells in each cell population was
stated to the cell population was
rnodamine-labeled cells in each cell population was
rn
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Uptake of rhodamine labeled microcapsules by
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Uptake of rhodamine-labeled microcapsules by

Uptake of rhodamine-labeled microcapsules were

peritoneal exudate cells:

peritoneal exudate restricts micro after intraneritoneal

peritoneal exudate restricts micro after intraneritoneal
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              peritoneal exudate cells:

peritoneal exudate cells

peritoneal intraperitoneal

peritoneal exudate cells:

peritoneal exudate cells:

peritoneal exudate cells

peritoneal exudate

peritoneal intraperitoneal

peritoneal exudate

peritoneal exudate

peritoneal exudate

peritoneal intraperitoneal

peritoneal exudate

peritoneal exudate

peritoneal intraperitoneal

peritoneal exudate

peritoneal exudate

peritoneal exudate

peritoneal intraperitoneal

peritoneal exudate

peri
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Dialux 20, Leitz! Germany).
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            obtained from adult c57BL/6 mice after intraperitones Exudate
inoculation with 5 ml of RPMI 1640 medium.
inoculation with 5 ml of RPMI 1640 and recurence in power 1640 and recurrence in power 1640 a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        inoculation with 5 ml of RPMI 1640 medium. Exudate at in RPMI 1640 and resuspended at in RPMI 1640 and in RP
                                                                                                                                                              10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       cells were washed twice in RPMI 1640 and resuspended in RPMI 1640 and resu
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     a concentration of 1 x 10° cells per ml in RPMI 1640

1 x 10° cells were incubated with

1 x 10° cells were incubated with

concentration of 1 x 10° cells were incubated with

a concentration of 1 x 10° cells were incubated with

a concentration of 1 x 10° cells were incubated with

a concentration of 1 x 10° cells were incubated with

a concentration of 1 x 10° cells were incubated with

a concentration of 1 x 10° cells were incubated with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    containing 10% FBS. 1 x 10° cells were incubated spermine approximately 5 mg of rhodamine labeled spermine approximately 5 mg of rhodamine for 10 min at 3700 in approximately 5 mg of rhodamine approximately 5 mg of rhodamine for 10 min at 3700 in approximately 5 mg of rhodamine for 10 min at 3700 in approximately 5 mg of rhodamine for 10 min at 3700 in approximately 5 mg of rhodamine for 10 min at 3700 in approximately 5 mg of rhodamine for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 10 min at 3700 in a second specific for 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             approximately 5 mg of rhodamine-labeled spermine- co2

approximately 5 mg of rhodamine labeled spermine- pac and erain
alginate microcapeules was made alginate.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              alginate microcapsules for 10 min at with pBS and stained twice washed twice washed to calls were washed of anti-MAC 1 anti-CD11hl incubator. Ailurion in pRG of anti-MAC 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        incubator. Cells were washed twice with PBS and stained twice with PBS and stained (anti-CDI1b)

incubator. Cells were washed twice with anti-MAC 1 (anti-CDI1b)

with a 1:100 dilution in fluorescein isorhiocvanare

with a 1:nodv conjugated with fluorescein according to the conjugate of the conj
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         with a 1:100 dilution in pBS of anti-MAC 1 (anti-cDl1)
with a 1:100 dilution in fluorescein two for in a second antibody conjugated with fluorescein two for in antibody conjugated wannheim tradianancies
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         antibody conjugated with fluorescein IN.) for 1 h at room isothiocyanate in pas, mounted in antibody conjugated with Indianapolis, pas, mounted in pas, mounted in pas, mounted in the pas, mounted in pas, mo
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               temperature. (citifluor) citifluor microscopy at wavelengths glycerol-PBS by fluorescence microscopy at wavelengths
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             and examined by fluorescence fluorescein label) and 520

and examined by detection of fluorescein label)

of 580 nm (for detection of rhodamine label)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             petection of intracellular rotavirus specific

Detection of intracellular rotavirus specific
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Detection of intracellular rotavirus-specif

Detection of intracellular rotavirus-specif

proteins within of mice with rotavirus-containing

proteins within of mice with rotavirus-containing
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          or sen um tror derection of rhodamine labell.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 proteins within GALT by indirect immunofluorescence within GALT by indirect immunofluorescence of four a steer inoculation free virue.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             temperature.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Two groups of four 8-week
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  wiczocabenree or tree Airne:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 35
```

10

15

old C57BL/6 mice were orally inoculated with approximately 1 x 107 pfu per mouse of either free or microencapsulated-WC3 virus. Pairs of mice from each group were sacrificed 1 or 4 days after inoculation and PP, MLN, and spleens were removed. Cells from these tissues were collected and centrifuged onto microscope slides as described above. Slides were fixed in methanol for 10 min, air-dried, and incubated for 1 h with 100 μ l of a rabbit polyclonal hyperimmune anti-WC3 serum diluted 1:2,500 in PBS. Slides were washed with PBS and incubated for 1 h with 100 μ l of fluoresceinconjugated swine anti-rabbit immunoglobulin (Dako corporation, Carpenteria, CA) diluted 1:100 in PBS. Slides were washed with PBS, mounted with glycerol-PBS, and examined by fluorescence microscopy.

Detection of rotavirus-specific antibodies by ELISA after oral or parenteral inoculation of mice with microencapsulated or free virus: Groups of 2-4 mice were 1) intraperitoneally inoculated with 5×10^4 or 1×10^4 20 104 pfu per mouse of microencapsulated WC3 rotavirus or free WC3, 2) orally inoculated with 2.5 x 10^6 or 6.25 x 10⁵ pfu per mouse of microencapsulated WC3 or free WC3, 3) orally inoculated with 6.25×10^4 or 1.25×10^4 pfu per mouse of microencapsulated RRV rotavirus or free 25 RRV, or 4) orally inoculated with an equivalent volume of mock-infected cell culture supernatant fluid. weeks after inoculation sera were obtained by retroorbital capillary plexus puncture and tested for the presence of rotavirus-binding IgG by ELISA as 30 follows: Individual wells of 96-well, flat-bottomed plates were coated with either PBS or with 200 ng of purified WC3 or RRV diluted in PBS in a volume of 100 Plates were stored overnight at 4°C. Plates were washed four times with PBS and 200 μl of 1% BSA diluted in PBS were added to each well and incubated for 1 h at 35 room temperature. Duplicate wells were washed four times with PBS and 100 μl of 2-fold dilutions of

10

15

30

35

antisera (beginning at a 1:100 dilution) were added to each well and incubated for 1 h at room temperature. Wells were washed four times with PBS and 100 μ l of horse radish peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (Southern Biotechnology Associates, Birmingham, AL.) diluted 1:2,000 in 1% BSA were added to each well and incubated for 1 h at room temperature. Wells were washed four times in PBS and 100 μ l of a 0.04% tetramethylbenzedine peroxidase solution (Kierkegaard and Perry, Gaithersburg, MD.) were added and incubated for 5 min. 75 μ l of an 85% phosphoric acid solution were added to each well and colorimetric changes were determined at a wave length of 450 nm on a microplate ELISA reader. Sera were considered to be positive if the OD value in virus-coated wells was >0.1 units greater than the OD value of wells not coated with viral antigen.

Results - Effect of various water-soluble anionic polymers and amines on rotavirus: Essentially no effect on rotavirus infectivity was found for alginic acid, cellulose sulfate, cellulose acetate phthalate, Carbopol 934®, carboxymethylcellulose, polyacrylic acid, methylene blue and spermine. A 2.5-10-fold reduction in infectivity was noted for heparin, triethylamine, triethylenetetraamine, arginine, ethylenediamine, and octadecylamine. A 30-fold reduction in infectivity was observed for piperazine, a 300-fold reduction for arabic acid, and a complete ablation of infectivity for dodecylamine.

Capacity of water-soluble polymers and amines to form microcapsules which resist breakdown by simulated gastric acid: Six water-soluble anionic polymers and 7 aqueous amines which showed a minimal effect on rotavirus infectivity were tested in combination (42 possible combinations) for their capacity to form stable, oligo-dispersed microcapsules which resisted breakdown by simulated gastric acid; 14

```
of the 42 possible combinations of polymers and amines which were grahle in similared
                                                                                                                                                                    of the 42 Possible combinations of polymers and amine stable in simulated which were stable included marketions formed microcapsules which were included making formed microcapsules which were accombinations included making formed microcapsules which were stable and amine formed microcapsules which were stable and amine the formed microcapsules which were stable and amine of the 42 possible combinations of polymers and amine of the 42 possible combinations of polymers and amine of the 42 possible combinations of polymers and amine of the 42 possible combinations of polymers and amine of the 42 possible combinations of polymers and amine of the 42 possible combinations of polymers and amine of the 42 possible combinations of polymers and amine of the 42 possible combinations of polymers and amine of the 42 possible combinations of the 42 possible combi
                                                                                                                                                                                        formed microcapsules which were stable in simulated methylene combinations included methylene combinations or religious combinations or religious combinations and religious combinations and religious combinations are constituted acid.
                                                                                                                                                                                                      gastric acid. These combinations included methylene acetate sulfate or cellulose or cellulose or cellulose or cellulose or cellulose or cellulose or cellulo
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Dine Mith extres with either alginic acid or with either a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              WO 95/28227
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  cellulose sulfate, triethylenetetraamine with either or octadecylamine sulfate, or octadecylamine alginic acid or cellulose callulose sulfate, alginic acid or cellulose sulfate, ocial cellulose su
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          with either alginic acid cellulose acetate phthalate carboxymethylcellulose or carbonol game carboxymethylcarid or carbonol game
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          Capacity of sodium alginate-spermine infectious virus:

to capture infectious and enermine to capture and enermine and ene
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    hydrochloride microcapsules to capture infectious virus:

necause 1)

hydrochloride microcapsules from sodium alginate and spermine

hydrochloride microcapsules from further study hecause 1)

Microcapsules were chosen for further hydrochloride were chose
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               polyacrylic acid, or Carbopol 934.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Microcapsules prepared from sodium alginate and sperming because 1)

Mydrochloride were chosen for further hydrochloride

Mydrochloride were alginate nor gnermine hydrochloride
                                                                                                                                                   5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             hydrochloride were chosen for further hydrochloride

hydrochloride were chosen for spermine hydrochloride

not spermine hydrochloride

reduced ror avivue infentivity

reduced ror avivue
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 neither sodium alginate nor spermine hydrochloride most this combination this infectivity microcapsules, and 3) this reduced rotavirus monodispersed microcapsules readily formed monodispersed microcapsules.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  reduced rotavirus infectivity, 2) this combination most and 3) this reduced rotavirus infectivity, 2) this combination and 3) this reduced rotavirus infectivity, 2) this combination and 3) this combination normalization are adily formed monodispersed microcapsules, capsular readily formed monodispersed microcapsules, volume of capsular readily formed monodispersed microcapsules, and 3) this combination most are capsules, and 3) this combination most are capsules, and 3) this combination most are capsular and 3) this combination most are capsules, and 3) this capsules, an
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         readily formed monodispersed microcapsules, and 3) the readily formed monodispersed microcapsules, and a second microcapsules, a
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         on provided the largest infectious rotavirus was no determine whether was not recommended to the provided the largest infectious rotavirus was not determine whether was not recommended to the largest was not recommended to the largest volume of capeular was
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  contained within microcapsules, WC3 virus was and the microcapsules and the presence of infectious contained in spermine-alginate microcapsules were tested for the presence of infectious encapsulated in spermine-alginate microcapsules were tested for the microcapsules were tested for the presence of infectious and the presence of infectiou
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 material. Within microcapsules within anormino alvinate microcapsules contained in anormino alvinate microcapsules
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   encapsulated in spermine-alginate microcapsules and the Infectious infectious and the presence of infectious infectious infectious are the presence infectious infectious after several washes.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Infectious

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           microcapsures were restent several washes.

Virus by disruption after several washes.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            Virus was not detected in supernatant kluids after to detect to de
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    disruption. In addition, to determine whether surface of determine whether surface of the determine whether surface of the disruption. In addition, to determine whether surface of the disruption. In addition, to determine whether surface of the determine whether s
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       material.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         microcapsules which were washed and disrupted in a microcapsules which were washed and microcapsules which were washed which were washed and microcapsules which were washed which wear which were washed which were washed which were washed which we
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             acii wele wasneu anu ulstupteu th a after released after not released after not released after not released after not released.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         INTECTIONS VITUS WAS LOCATED WITHIN OF ON THE MICTOCAPSULES, which were marked and diameter within the microcapsules, which were microcapsules, which
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  similar manner.

Infectious virus was not released atter which virus had not which virus was located infectious rotavirus was locate
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           E Precorned microcapsules to which virus was located infectious rocavirus was located therefore, and not only on the surface of metric and not only on the surface of the s
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              disruption.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       neen added. Interiore, interiore,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Efficiency of encapsulation process, core
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    loading capacity and physical properties of we found in three separate experiments we found microcapsules:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Eimilar nanner.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   loading capacity, in three contrate experiments
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Spermine-alginate microcapsules.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             been added.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               30
```

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

- 68 -

that 1.0%, 2.0% and 6.3% of the initial quantity of infectious virus was encapsulated within the matrix of spermine-alginate microcapsules. Similarly, 2.0-5.0% of the initial quantity of virus antigen was captured in microcapsules. Therefore, the core loading efficiency was similar for both infectious virus and for virus antigen. The core loading capacity (i.e. the quantity of virus antigen divided by the quantity of bead material (wt/wt)) was approximately 2.0-3.0%. When compared to latex beads of known size by light microscopy, the majority of microcapsules were approximately 2 μ m in size with sizes ranging from 1-10 μ m.

Uptake of rhodamine-labeled microcapsules by peritoneal macrophages: Rhodamine-labeled spermine-alginate microcapsules were detected only in peritoneal exudate cells bearing MAC 1 (CD1 lb) on their surface. Approximately 50% to 60% of all MAC 1-bearing cells in the preparation of peritoneal exudate cells engulfed rhodamine-labeled microcapsules.

Distribution of rhodamine-labeled microcapsules within GALT after oral inoculation of Adult C57BL/6 mice were orally inoculated with approximately 20 mg each of rhodamine-labeled sperminealginate microcapsules. Rhodamine-labeled microcapsules were detected within cells of the PP, MLN, and spleen until at least 28 days after oral inoculation. The greatest quantity of microcapsules in PP and MLN was detected 4 days after inoculation and in spleen 14 days after inoculation. Rhodamine-labeled cells were not detected in PP, MLN, or spleens of animals orally inoculated with 20 mg each of rhodamine-labeled sodium alginate. Therefore, the presence of rhodamine-labeled cells in GAIT after inoculation with rhodamine-labeled microcapsules was not due to breakdown of microcapsules at the intestinal mucosal surface and absorption of rhodamine-labeled sodium alginate, but rather to active

- 69 -

phagocytosis of beads.

5

10

15

Detection of rotavirus-specific proteins within GALT by indirect immunofluorescence after inoculation of mice with rotavirus-containing microcapsules or free virus: Adult C57BL/6 mice were orally inoculated with either free or microencapsulated rotavirus strain WC3 at a dose of 1.0 x 107 pfu per 1 and 4 days after inoculation animals were sacrificed and cells from PP, MLN, and spleen were examined for the presence of rotavirus-specific proteins by indirect immunofluorescence. 3-5 cells containing rotavirus-specific proteins were detected per 104 cells obtained from PP, MLN, and spleen both 1 and 4 days after inoculation with microencapsulated virus. Cells containing rotavirus antigen were not detected in lymphoid tissues from animals inoculated with free virus.

Effect of microencapsulation on rotavirus immunogenicity: To determine whether encapsulation of 20 infectious rotavirus enhanced rotavirus immunogenicity, adult C57BL/6 mice were inoculated intraperitoneally with microencapsulated or free RRV and 7-day-old CD2 (F1) suckling mice were orally inoculated with different doses of either free or microencapsulated WC3 or RRV. 25 Three weeks later sera were obtained and tested for the presence of rotavirus-specific IgG by ELISA. Mockinfected animals consistently had rotavirus-specific IgG titers <1:100. Animals were considered to have a rotavirus-specific immune response if titers were greater than or equal to 1:400 (i.e. at least a 4-fold 30 rise in titers above those detected in mock-infected animals). 3 of 4 animals parenterally inoculated with either 5.0 x 104 or 1.0 x 104 pfu of microencapsulated WC3, but none of 4 animals inoculated with equivalent doses of free WC3 developed detectable rotavirus-binding 35 IgG. Similarly, 3 of 3 mice orally inoculated with RRV at a dose of 1.25 x 104 pfu per mouse developed

- 70 -

rotavirus-specific IgG as compared to 0 of 4 inoculated with the same dose of free virus. 3 of 4 animals orally inoculated with microencapsulated WC3 at a dose of 6.25 \times 10⁵ pfu per mouse developed rotavirus-specific IgG as compared to 0 of 4 animals inoculated with the same dose of free virus.

5

10

15

20

25

30

35

This example shows that infectious rotavirus can be microencapsulated using an aqueous-based system. The gentle nature of the charged-film microencapsulation process is more likely to allow for retention of viral epitopes necessary for induction of humoral and cellular immune responses than procedures requiring the use of organic solvents. Several additional characteristics of charged-film microcapsules make them attractive for use as antigen delivery systems. First, microcapsules are prepared in aqueous media from materials generally regarded as safe and biodegradable. Sodium alginate, a gelling polysaccharide extracted from kelp, is commonly used in ice creams, soft drinks, and salad dressings as a stabilizer and thickening agent. Spermine, a derivative of spermidine, is a polyamine found in virtually all mammalian cells. Second, microcapsules can be prepared to resist degradation by gastric acid. Third, microcapsules have an internal volume fraction which allows for efficient capture of antigen.

It was found that core loading capacities for rotavirus antigen of 2.0-3.0% as compared to approximately 1% for influenza protein-containing PLCG microcapsules. Fourth, microencapsulation is accomplished at or below room temperature; unencapsulated infectious virus can be readily recovered. Lastly, microcapsules are easily lyophilized, inexpensively made, easily adapted to commercial scale-up and can be prepared sterilely.

When administered to mice, the greatest number of fluorescent spermine-alginate microcapsules were detected in PP and MLN 4 days after oral inoculations

```
These findings
                                                                                                                               and in spleen 14 days after inoculation. These finding to those previously described in almost identical to those processing microcanantes
                                                                                                                    and in spleen 14 days after inoculation.
                                                                                                                                            are almost lightly inoculated with plcg microcapsules mice orally inoculated with mice orally m
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              J.H. C. Marian Top. 11 1000 T
                                                                                                                                                                            (Eldridge, 146:59-66; 11:205-214: Ridridge, T.H.. et Controlled Release 11:205-214: Ridridge
                                                                                                                                                                                            Immunol. 146:59-66; Eldridge, J.H. et al. 1990 J.

Controlled Release 11:205-214; Eldridge, of proc.

Controlled Tomminol

1001
WO 95128227
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       1991 Mol. Immunol. 28:287-294). Uptake of pice and the size and procapsules into an irrorancine procapsules into an irrorancin
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       microcapsules into pp was dependent upon the size and pico pp was dependent pico microcapsules.

mydrophobicity of microcapsules.

hydrophobicity of microcapsules.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    nydrophobicity of microcapsules.

Nydrophobicity of microcapsules were not taken up by M

larger than 10 µm in diameter were proceeding microcapsules

larger than internalized into po
                                                                                                                                                                                                         1991 Mol. Immunol. 28:287-294).
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          PLCG microcapsules with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    cells and internalized into PP. PLCG microcapeules with pp.

cells and internalized into PP. Im were detected in pp.

diameters ranging from 5 to 10 µm were detected in pp.

diameters ranging from 5 to 10 µm were detected in pp.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    diameters ranging from 5 to 10 µm were detected in PP,

diameters ranging trom 5 to 10 µm were detected in PP,

who average size of enermine-alminate,

man average size of enermine-alminate,

pp and those with man average size of enermine-alminate,

pp and enlean
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           The average size of spermine-alginate
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 MIN and spleen. (i.e. 2 µm) is consistent with uptake of microcapsules MIN and spleen. The average size of spermine alginate of with uptake of with uptake of with uptake of a consistent with uptake 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         cells and internalized into pp.
                                                                                                                    5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Binto PR, Mun and spleen. microcapsules are river in the property of the prope
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Detection
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Probably taken up by macrophages within and the control of thodamine-labeled microcapsules within and the control of thodamine-labeled microcapsules was a control of thodamine-labeled microcapsules within on the control of thodamine-labeled microcapsules within and the control of thodamine-labeled microcapsules within and the control of thodamine-labeled microcapsules within and the control of the control of
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 probably taken up by macrocare...les ...ithin of rhodamine-laheled microcare...les
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           of rhodamine-labeled microcapsules within only those enough of the state cells bearing MAC 1 (CDL1b) on their macrochages enough of rhodamine-labeled microcapsules within only those enough of the state of 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      beads into PP, MIN and spleen.
                                                                                                                                                                            20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            MIN and apleen.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         surface supports this.

Similarly macrophages engult

Similarly macrophages engult

Similarly macrophages engult

The presence of MAC

Similarly macrophages engult

Similarly macrophages engult

The presence of macrophages engult

Similarly macrophages

Similarly macro
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        PLCG microcapsules as determined by the presence of MAC

whether macrophages containing

plCG microcapsules.

whether macrophages

plCG microcapsules.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           1 on the surface of cells containing fluorescein-labe whether macrophages containing whether macrophages and enternal plCG microcapsules.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        PICG microcapsules. Whether macrophages containing or migrate to MIN and spleen or migrate to min and spleen or microcapsules within travel via lumnhatica to MIN and the microcapsules within travel via lumnhatica to microcapsules within the migrate to microcapsules within the microcap
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        microcapsules within pp migrate to MUN and spleen or via to MUN and spleen or via lymphatics to MUN and read procapsules travel via lymphatics the enoughed (where the higher th
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Surface Supports this
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      free microcapeules travel via lymphatics to MLN and via lymphatics to MLN are engulfed (where they are engulfed the bloodstream to the remains to be determined.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   by local macrophages for approximately of rhodamine our detection of rhodamine within pp.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      the Diodetream to the spice to be determined.

The Diodetream to the remains to be determined.

The Diodetream to the spice of the production of the product
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   within PP. Therefore, our detection of rhodamine in up to 1.8% of microcapsules in up to 1.8% he within PP indicates that microcapsules may he labeled spermine pp indicates that all cells within PP indicates that microcapsules may he indicates that microcapsules all cells within PP indicates that microcapsules may he indicate microcapsules may he indicate microcapsules may he indicate microcapsules may he indicate microcapsules microcapsules may he indicate microcapsules microcapsules may he indicate microcapsules 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   labeled spermine alginate microcapsules microcapsules may be indicates that microcapsules may be all cells within pp indicates that marronhares all cells within hy 20-35% of available marronhares
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          a up by 20-35% of available macrophages.

Rotavirus specific proteins were detected in GALT area with mirror area area area area area area area.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     all cells within the increase that microcapsu are not available macrophages.

taken por an increase are not a more as a macrophage are not a more as a macrophage are not a more as a macrophage are not a macrophage are n
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 25
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             Rotavirus-specific proteins were detected in microencapsulated with microencapsulated of mice orally not from with microencapsulated with not orally not from with microencapsulated with not orally not from which not orally not from the notation of the not
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Detection of rotavirus
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                within PP.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                rotavirus pur nor iree virus. perection with
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  or writing but not free virus.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              30
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        35
```

5

10

15

20

25

- 72

microencapsulated virus is consistent with delivery to antigen-presenting cells (which take up beads) of larger quantities of virus than is taken up after inoculation with free virus. However, the quantity of free virus inoculated in these-experiments was adequate to induce a humoral immune response. The inability to detect rotavirus-specific proteins within GALT antigen-presenting cells (in animals inoculated with free virus) probably reflects the fact that antigen is generated in quantities too small or in numbers of cells too few to be detected after heterologous host virus infection. Rotavirus-specific antigens were detected in GALT after oral inoculation of suckling mice with homologous host (i.e. murine) rotaviruses.

Oral or parenteral inoculation of mice with microencapsulated rotaviruses induced a virus-specific antibody response which was of greater magnitude than that induced after inoculation with the same dose of free virus.

While certain embodiments of the present invention have been described and/or exemplified above, various other embodiments will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing disclosure. The present invention is, therefore, not limited to the particular embodiments described and/or exemplified, but is capable of considerable variation and modification without departing from the scope of the appended claims.

5

10

25

30

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- surrounded by a capsular wall, said microcapsule being substantially free of non-aqueous contaminants, said capsular wall comprising the reaction product of a selected water soluble anionic polymer or water soluble salt thereof with a selected water soluble amine or water soluble salt thereof, said anionic polymer and said amine being selected from pairs of anionic polymer and amine having the property that, when droplets of an aqueous solution of the paired polymer are introduced into an aqueous solution of the paired amine, stable microcapsules of the amine salt of the anionic polymer are formed.
- 2. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 1, wherein the anionic polymer has a reactive carboxylate or sulfate group and is selected from the group consisting of alginic acids, alginic acids linked to a fluorophore, arabic acid, cellulose sulfate, carboxymethylcellulose, carrageenans, chondroitin sulfate, heparin, polyacrylic acid, polyoxyethylene cross-linked polyacrylic acid, and polyvinylcarboxylic acid.
 - 3. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 2, wherein the fluorophore is selected from fluorescein isothiocyanate and rhodamine isothiocyanate.
 - 4. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 1, wherein the base is a mono-, di-, tri-, or tetra- amino compound selected from the group consisting of arginine, decylamine, dodecylamine, ethylenediamine, piperazine, methylene blue, octadecylamine, triethylamine, triethylenetetramine, and spermine.

- 74 -

5. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 1, wherein the anionic polymer is selected from polyacrylic acid, polyvinylcarboxylic acid, alginic acid, polyoxyethylene cross-linked polyacrylic acid, cellulose sulfate, carboxymethylcellulose, heparin and chondroitin sulfate and the amine is selected from spermine, decylamine, dodecylamine, tetradecylamine, methylene blue, hexadecylamine and octadecylamine.

5

20

25

- 6. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 1,
 wherein the anionic polymer is selected from polyacrylic
 acid, polyvinylcarboxylic acid, and cellulose sulfate
 and the amine is selected from ethylenediamine and
 triethylenetetramine.
- 7. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 1,
 wherein the anionic polymer is polyvinylcarboxylic acid,
 polyacrylic acid or alginic acid and the amine is
 triethylamine, arginine or piperazine.
 - 8. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 1, wherein the anionic polymer is arabic acid and the amine is selected from decylamine, dodecylamine, tetradecylamine, methylene blue, hexadecylamine and octadecylamine.
 - 9. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 1, comprising an aqueous core surrounded by a capsular wall, said microcapsule being substantially free of non-aqueous contaminants, said capsular wall comprising the reaction product of:
 - a) methylene blue or a water soluble salt thereof with cellulose sulfate or a water soluble salt thereof;
 - b) methylene blue or a water soluble salt thereof with cellulose acetate phthalate or a water soluble salt thereof;

- 75 -

- c) spermine or a water soluble salt thereof with alginic acid or a water soluble salt thereof;
- d) spermine or a water soluble salt thereof with cellulose sulfate or a water soluble salt thereof;
 - e) spermine or a water soluble salt thereof with chondroitin sulfate or a water soluble salt thereof;
- f) triethylenetetraamine or a water soluble salt thereof with alginic acid or a water soluble salt thereof;

15

20

- g) triethylenetetraamine or a water soluble salt thereof with cellulose sulfate or a water soluble salt thereof;
 - h) octadecylamine or a water soluble salt thereof with alginic acid or a water soluble salt thereof;
- i) octadecylamine or a water soluble salt thereof with cellulose sulfate or a water soluble salt thereof:
 - j) octadecylamine or a water soluble salt thereof with carboxymethylcellulose or a water soluble salt thereof;
- 25 k) octadecylamine or a water soluble salt thereof with cellulose acetate phthalate or a water soluble salt thereof;
 - 1) octadecylamine or a water soluble salt thereof with polyacrylic acid or a water soluble salt thereof; or
 - m) octadecylamine or a water soluble salt thereof with Carbopol $934^{\scriptsize @}$ or a water soluble salt thereof.
- 10. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 9,35 wherein said capsular wall comprises the reaction product of spermine or a water soluble salt thereof with

- 76 -

alginic acid or a water soluble salt thereof.

5

- 11. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 9, wherein said capsular wall comprises the reaction product of spermine or a water soluble salt thereof with chondroitin sulfate or a water soluble salt thereof.
- 12. A microcapsule as claimed in any of claims 1-10, wherein the anionic polymer has an average molecular weight greater than 10 kD.
- 13. A microcapsule as claimed in any of claims 1-10, having a particle size in the range of between 0.1 and 2,000 microns.
 - 14. A microcapsule as claimed in any of claims 1-10, which contains in said aqueous core an active ingredient.
- 15. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 14, wherein said active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of naturally occurring and biotechnologically derived proteinaceous materials; naturally occurring and biotechnologically derived non-proteinaceous macromolecules; cells; drugs and antibiotics; and dyes and pigments.
 - 16. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 15, wherein said proteinaceous material is selected from glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase, calcitonin, erythropoietin, hemoglobin, insulin, interleukin, somatotropin, and larvacidal proteins of Bacillus thurigiensis.
 - 17. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 15, wherein said non-proteinaceous macromolecule is heparin.

5

- 18. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 15, wherein said cells are selected from pancreatic islet cells, hepatocytes, and interleukin- and other immunomodulator-secreting cells derived from human or other species.
- 19. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 15, wherein said drugs and antibiotics are selected from fluorouracil, prednisolone, indomethacin, tetracycline, theophylline, and nicotinamide.
- 20. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 15, wherein said dyes and pigments are selected from blue dextran, phenol red and charcoal.
- 21. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 14, wherein said active ingredient is an immunogenic substance.
 - 22. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 21, wherein said immunogenic substance comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of proteins, peptides, viral particles, prokaryotic organisms, protozoan organisms and multicellular parasites.
 - 23. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 14, wherein said active ingredient is rotavirus.
- 24. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 23,
 wherein said rotavirus is selected from the group
 consisting of: Bovine WC3 (ATCC accession number VR2102); HCR3a (ATCC accession number VR-2325); Bovine
 WC3, modified with Human vp4 W179, Bovine WC3, modified
 with Human W178-8; Bovine WC3, modified with Human W1799 (ATCC accession number VR-2194 and VR-2196) or SC2-9
 (ATCC accession number VR-2417); Bovine WC3, modified

- 78 -

with Human WI79-4,9 (ATCC accession number VR-2415) and WI79-4 (ATCC accession number VR-2377); Bovine WC3, modified with Human vp4 DS1 (ATCC accession number VR-2416); Bovine WC3, modified with Human Bricout B -9; Bovine WC3, modified with Human vp4 Bricout A; HCR3a, modified with Human W179-9 (ATCC accession number VR-2324); Rhesus rotavirus RRV; RRV modified with Human Wa-9; RRV modified with Human DS1-9; RRV modified with Human P-9; and RRV modified with Human ST3-9.

10 25. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 14, having a particle size in the range of between 500 and 1,000 microns.

- 26. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 14, having a particle size in the range of between 1 and 10 microns.
 - 27. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 14, in lyophilized form.
 - 28. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 14, having an enteric coating.
- 29. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 28, wherein said enteric coating comprises a material selected from cellulose acetate phthalate and polyoxyethylene cross-linked polymethacrylic acid.
- 30. A process for preparing aqueous core 25 microcapsules as recited in claim 1, said process comprising the steps of:
 - a) dissolving a selected anionic polymer or a salt thereof in water to form an anionic polymer solution;
- 30 b) dissolving a selected amine or a salt thereof in water to form an amine solution;

- c) adding the anionic polymer solution to the amine solution in droplet or interrupted fine stream form; and
 - d) harvesting the microcapsules.
- 5 31. A process as claimed in claim 30, wherein said anionic polymer solution has a viscosity of at least 2.5 centipoise.
- 32. A process as claimed in claim 30, further including the step of dissolving or suspending an active ingredient in the anionic polymer solution of step a) before performing step c).
 - 33. A process as claimed in claim 30, wherein at least the portion of the amine solution to which the anionic polymer solution is added is in motion.
- 15 34. A process as claimed in claim 30, wherein the anionic polymer solution is subjected to sonic stimulation as it is added to said amine solution.
 - 35. A process as claimed in claim 30, wherein polymer solution droplets are formed, with substantially uniform dimensions, by mechanically disrupting a thin flowing stream of said polymer solution just prior to the time said polymer solution is added to said amine solution.
- 36. A process as claimed in claim 35, wherein said thin flow stream of polymer solution is disrupted by sonic stimulation.
 - 37. A method of making at least one microcapsule, which comprises:
- a) selecting a water soluble anionic polymer or water soluble salt thereof and a water

- 80 -

soluble amine or water soluble salt thereof, said anionic polymer and said amine being selected from pairs of anionic polymer and amine having the property that, when droplets of an aqueous solution of the paired polymer are introduced into an aqueous solution of the paired amine, stable microcapsules of the amine salt of the anionic polymer are formed;

b) dissolving said selected anionic polymer or salt thereof in water to form an anionic polymer solution having a viscosity of at least 2.5 centipoise;

5

10

15

20

25

30

- c) dissolving said selected amine or salt thereof in water to form an amine solution;
- d) forming a droplet of said anionic polymer solution;
 - e) adding said droplet of anionic polymer solution to said amine solution;
 - f) allowing said droplet and said amine solution to react substantially instantaneously at their mutual interface boundary to form a microcapsule comprising a film of a salt of said selected acid and selected base.
 - 38. A method as claimed in claim 35, wherein a multiplicity of microcapsules are made, and which further comprises the steps of:
 - a) repeatedly performing, in rapid sequence, steps d)-f) above in such manner as to avoid contact between successive droplets of said anionic polymer solution until step f) above is substantially completed with respect to each of said successive droplets; and
 - b) harvesting said microcapsules.
- 39. A method as claimed in claim 38, wherein said step d) is performed by application of pulsating energy to a downwardly flowing stream of said anionic

PCT/US95/04711

- 81 -

polymer solution.

WO 95/28227

5

15

20

25

30

- 40. A method as claimed in claim 39, wherein said pulsating energy is provided with the use of an acoustical signal, whereby said harvested microcapsules are of uniform particle size.
- 41. A method as claimed in claim 38, wherein said step d) is performed by forming a fine spray of said anionic polymer solution.
- 42. A method as claimed in claim 37, further including the step of dissolving or suspending an active ingredient in the anionic polymer solution of step b) before performing step d).
 - 43. A method of claim 38, further including the step of dissolving or suspending an active ingredient in the anionic polymer solution of step b) before performing step d).
 - 44. Apparatus for producing microcapsules as recited in claim 1, said microcapsules being of uniform size, said apparatus being adapted to introduce droplets of a selected anionic polymer solution into a stream of selected amine solution, said apparatus comprising:

a tubular member, said member including a side leg entry segment for said amine solution and an intersecting vertical segment, said vertical segment having a side entry port connected to said side leg segment and a top opening for receiving anionic polymer solution:

a capillary member having a bottom and located above said vertical segment for introducing droplets of anionic polymer solution into said vertical segment when amine solution is flowing therethrough, said bottom end of said capillary member being fixed at

a predetermined distance above the top opening of said vertical segment.

- 45. The apparatus of claim 44, further comprising an acoustic probe in contact with said capillary member at or near said bottom end of said capillary member.
- 46. Apparatus for providing dropwise reaction between two reactants comprising:

an upper tube and a lower tube, said tubes being vertically disposed and aligned, both said tubes having an upper end and a lower end and a diameter on the order of a preselected maximum dimension of drops within which a reaction is to occur;

10

15

30

35

means for imparting pulsating mechanical energy to said upper tube near the lower end thereof; means for causing a stream of a first reactant solution to flow downwardly through said upper tube;

the frequency and intensity of said

mechanical energy, the hydrodynamic properties of said
first reactant solution and the surface characteristics
of the lower end of said upper tube being selected
collectively to cause said stream of first reactant
solution to exit said upper tube as a sequence of
separate drops with a frequency corresponding to that of
said pulsating energy and dimensions corresponding to
the diameter of said tubes;

means for causing a stream of a second reactant solution to enter the lower of said tubes from a non-downward direction and to then flow downwardly therein:

said upper and lower tubes having a spatial relationship such that drops of said first reactant solution dropping downwardly from the lower end of the upper tube enter said lower tube at the upper end

thereof and contact said flowing stream of second reactant solution at the point where said stream is diverted from non-downward to a downward direction.

- 47. A vaccine comprising a plurality of the microcapsules of claim 21.
 - 48. A vaccine as claimed in claim 47, wherein the immunogenic substance comprising said microcapsule is rotavirus.
- 49. A vaccine as claimed in claim 47, wherein the immunogenic substance comprising said microcapsule is hepatitis B surface antigen.
 - 50. A vaccine as claimed in claim 47, wherein the immunogenic substance comprising said microcapsule is a live, attenuated virus.
- 15 51. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 13, having a particle size in the range of 500-1,000 microns.
 - 52. A microcapsule as claimed in claim 13, having a particle size in the range of 1-10 microns.

1/1

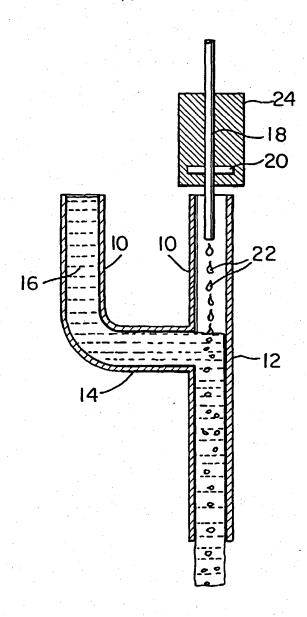


FIG. 1

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US95/04711

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(6): B01J 13/02; A61K 39/00, 9/14, 9/50; B28B 1/54 US CL: 264/4.1; 424/489, 499, 500, 501, 184.1; 425/5 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED		
Minimum documentation scarched (classification system followed by classification symbols)		
U.S. : 264/4.1; 424/489, 499, 500, 501, 184.1; 425/5		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, WORLD PATENT INDEX, CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS	search terms used)	
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
Y US, A, 4,352,883 (LIM) 05 OCTOBER 1982, see column 2 and claims.	1-29, 47-52	
Y US, A, 5,093,198 (SPEAKER ET AL.) 03 MARCH 1992, see abstract, columns 5-7 and claims.	1-29, 47-52	
Y Molecular Immunology, Volume 28, Number 3, issued 1991, Eldridge et al., "Biodegradable Microsperes as a Vaccine	1-29, 47-52	
A Delivery System", pages 287-294, see column 1, page 288.	30-46	
Pharmaceutical Research, Volume 8, Number 3, issued 1991, Kwok et al., "Production of 5-15 μm Diameter Alginate-	1-29, 47-52	
A Polylysine Microcapsules by an Air-Atomization Technique", pages 341-344, see columns 1-2, page 341.	30-46	
X Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.		
Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention		
to be of particular relevance "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step		
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be		
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art		
*P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than *&" document member of the same patent family the priority date claimed		
Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report		
19 JULY 1995 21 AUG 1995		
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Authorized officer RICHARD LEE JONES		
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230 Telephone No. (703) 308-1235 Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)(July 1992)*	<u> </u>	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US95/04711

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim N
Y	Journal of Infectious Diseases, Volume 158, Number 3, issued September 1988, Clark et al., "Protective Effect of WC3 Vaccine Against Rotavirus Diarrhea in Infants During a Predominantly Serotype 1 Rotavirus Season", pages 570-587, see column 1, page 228.	1-29, 47-52
:	page 220.	